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CITY OF TORONTO

Municipal Handbook

COMPILED BY
THE CITY CLERK

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Government
Publications

H. E. McCALLUM
MAYOR, 1949
PHOTO BY DU BOIS

JOHN M. INNES, M.B.E.
Vice-Chairman, BOARD OF CONTROL

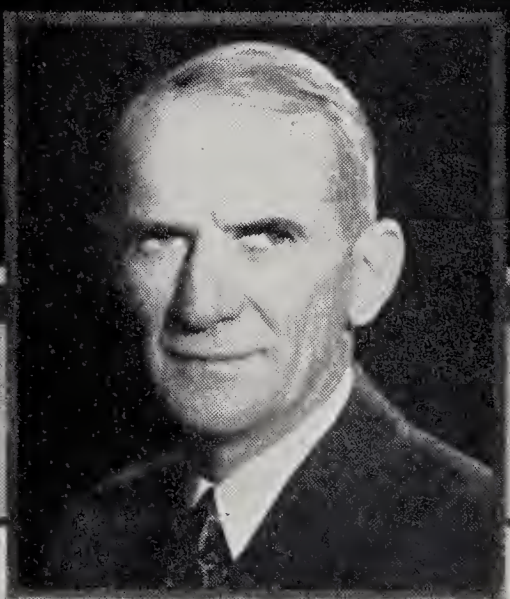
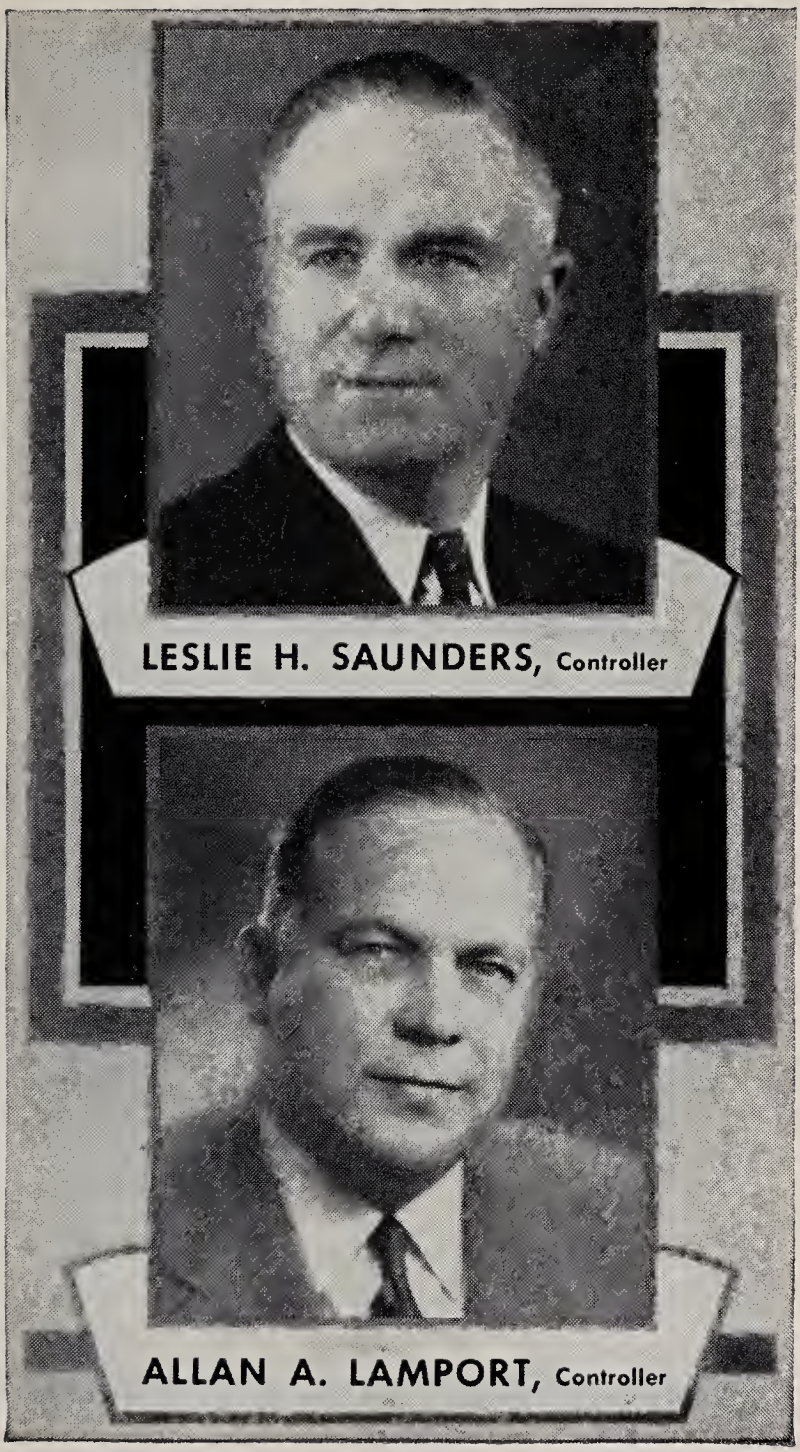


Photo by du BOIS

DAVID A. BALFOUR, Controller



LESLIE H. SAUNDERS, Controller

ALLAN A. LAMPORT, Controller

GEO. A. WEALE

City Clerk

CASA LOMA

The Dream Castle of this Continent.
A "MUST" for all Visitors to Toronto.

FOREWORD

This Municipal Handbook is compiled annually under the direction of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto, to furnish the citizens of Toronto, and others, with official information relative to the administration of the City. It is presented in the hope that its perusal may stimulate and encourage the citizens generally to take a greater interest in the communal life of their City and in good municipal government, which, in the last analysis, is the basis of sound democratic government.

GEO. A. WEALE,
City Clerk.

Toronto, May 1, 1949.

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Municipal Handbook

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TORONTO

"Industry — Intelligence — Integrity"

ARMS OF THE CITY OF TORONTO

Heraldically Described

SHIELD—Quarterly of four. 1. Gules, three Lions passant gardant in pale, Or. 2. Or, a Beaver, proper. 3. Argent, a garb, proper. 4. Azure, a Steamboat, Or.

CREST—On a Mural Crown; Or, a Beaver, proper.

SUPPORTERS—Dexter, a North American Indian, habited and armed; in the belt a scalping knife; in the right hand a tomahawk, the left arm leaning on a bow; all proper. Sinister, Britannia helmed and cuirassed; the right hand supporting a trident, the left hand resting on a shield bearing the crosses of St. George, St. Patrick, and St. Andrew combined, all proper.

MOTTO—Industry, Intelligence, Integrity.

TORONTO

STRATEGIC LOCATION

The Greatest Industrial City in Canada

Toronto, the capital City of the Province of Ontario, is situated on the north shore of Lake Ontario almost opposite the mouth of the Niagara River. The City of Toronto is Canada's greatest commercial and industrial centre, as well as being the centre of English-speaking Canada. This City is the mailing centre of Canada as well as the air-hub of Eastern Canada, with ultra-modern airport facilities, comparable to the finest on the continent. Toronto is the headquarters of the Meteorological Service of Canada and is the home of the University of Toronto, famous throughout the world as a seat of learning. Toronto has the distinction of having the greatest mining Stock Exchange in the world and is rapidly becoming the undisputed financial centre of Canada. This City is noted above all cities in the British Empire, for the number of telephones in use, more than 352,000 of which are in use in the Toronto exchange area, and some 22,000 in the City's suburbs.

The Canadian National Exhibition, the World's Greatest Annual Fair, resumed its operation in

Toronto—continued

Toronto in 1947, after being discontinued during the years 1942 to 1946. In October, 1939, with the consent of the Canadian National Exhibition and the City of Toronto, the Department of National Defense took over a large portion of Exhibition Park and the buildings for use by the Armed Forces of Canada; early in 1942, the entire property was taken over for such purposes, by the government.

The Royal Agricultural Winter Fair Association of Canada suspended the holding of its "Royal Fairs" in the year 1939, due to the outbreak of World War II, in September of that year. Previously, the Association had held seventeen shows. In the year 1946, after a lapse of seven years, the Association again resumed its operations.

Toronto's geographical location, midway by rail between New York and Chicago, makes it an ideal centre for the holding of large conventions of international scope and importance. The City of Toronto is situated most fortunately. If one looks at a map of the Province of Ontario, it can be seen readily that the section of which Toronto is the centre, juts deeply into the United States, and is bounded on the west by Lake Huron, on the south by Lake Erie and Lake On-

tario, and on the north and east by the waters leading into the Ottawa River. Into this great wedge of the choicest land on this continent, pours the wealth of the West in grain which is shipped by way of the great Welland Canal, whose seven giant locks, connecting Lake Erie with Lake Ontario, are capable of lifting the largest ships a height of 326 feet as compared with the 85 feet by the Panama Canal. From the great Northland of Ontario come the basic minerals which are processed here in Toronto and shipped all over Canada and to the world outside.

The City of Toronto is proud of its reputation of never having defaulted nor asked for a renewal of a debt.

THE TORONTO PURCHASE, 1788

Lord Dorchester, the then Governor of Canada, visited during the year 1788, what is now the site of the present City of Toronto, for the purpose of negotiating with the Chiefs of the Mississauga Indians, the purchase, by the Government, of the lands at or near the foot of Dufferin Street, as part of a plan for the re-opening of the route between Lake Ontario and Lake Huron and for the control of the rich fur trade. Part of the price paid to the Indians consisted of 149 barrels of

goods, blankets, bolts of cloth, axes and a wealth of articles dear to the hearts of the Indians.

In the City Hall, near the Mayor's Office, hangs a painting depicting the Toronto Purchase in the year 1788.

The name "Toronto" appeared officially, for the first time, on Galinée's map of the Lake region, prepared in 1670, for Louis XIV of France. Within recent years, maps have been found, which seem to indicate that an engineer by the name of Gotherman, who was connected with the military engineers of Quebec, was actually the real founder of the City of Toronto. Five years before Governor Simcoe, in 1792, began laying out the town of York as the Capital of the Province of Upper Canada, Gotherman had completed a survey and laid out a town of considerable size on the very same site where now stands Toronto. His survey took in the whole territory surrounded by High Park, Broadview Avenue and Bloor Street. The residential area laid out consisted of 43 blocks, divided by streets laid out at right angles to each other. The military buildings were to stand in a great square, right in the centre of the area surveyed; this square today would comprise all the lands in Toronto south of College Street to the Bay, be-

tween Dufferin Street and Parliament Street. Gotherman gave the name of "Toronto" to his proposed town, and it was under that name that the plan of the town including a full set of particulars, was forwarded to England with the Colonial Correspondence in the year 1790.

THE TORONTO CARRYING PLACE

From Wigwam to Metropolis

The history of Toronto dates back almost three hundred years when the present site, long before the advent of the white race, was the southern end of the most important of the Indian trails connecting Lake Huron and Lake Ontario. During the 15th and 16th centuries, this site was called "The Toronto Carrying Place". The trail ran from the mouth of the Humber River to the Holland River, thence by water to Lake Huron. A monument and plaque marking this Indian trail was erected at the corner of Weston Road and Clouston Road, Mount Dennis, on May 8, 1948, by the York Pioneer and Historical Society and the Toronto and York Roads Commission. To that intrepid explorer, LaSalle, must go the credit in large measure, for making famous The Carrying Place. While his name is forgotten, almost, in the Province of Ontario which knew

Toronto—continued

him so well in those early days, his name is held in reverence and respect elsewhere across Canada, even to the Rocky Mountains. At that time, what is now the Province of Ontario, was covered with impenetrable hardwood forests penetrated only in a few directions by means of Indian trails. The name "Toronto" is of Huron Indian origin, signifying "a place of meeting". At first, the name "Toronto" applied to the area surrounding the northern end of the trail at Lake Simcoe, but, in later years, the name became associated with the southern end of the trail on Lake Ontario. In those early days there was great rivalry between the French and English fur traders for control of the lucrative business in furs. The French had a fortified trading post at Niagara, and the English built one at Oswego further to the east on the south side of Lake Ontario, in an effort to divert the trade in furs from the French. To counteract this loss in trade, the French established a fortified trading post at a site which is now the foot of Dufferin Street, in 1750, naming it Fort Rouillé, after the Colonial Minister of that time. Previous to the year 1933, it had been accepted as a fact, that Fort Rouillé was built in the year 1749. In 1933, the Archivist of the Montreal District discovered some legal documents showing that this fort was built in

Toronto—continued

1750 by the French Governor De La Jonquière, who succeeded Governor the Comte de la Gallissonnière, who served from 1747 to 1749.

In the war between the British and French nations for colonial empire, the fort was burned in 1759, in order to prevent English occupation, the French garrison withdrawing to Fort Niagara, which was, at that time, being threatened by British Forces.

In 1754 the first action in the European Seven Years War occurred on this continent. By the Treaty of Paris in 1763, France surrendered to Great Britain all claims to territory east of the Mississippi. Great Britain, by this time, had eliminated all foreign claimants to the region east of the Mississippi and from Hudson Bay to the Gulf of Mexico.

By the Canada Act, 1791, Canada was divided into two separate provinces, Lower Canada and Upper Canada. The Province of Upper Canada comprising all lands west of the Ottawa River, was constituted to meet the needs of some six thousand settlers, mostly parties of veterans of American birth, who had fought on the side of the British against the Revolution, in the Queen's Rangers, in Butler's Rangers or in other regular or irregular troops. These settlers

were of English speech, unfamiliar with the French Civil Law as exercised in Quebec. By the Canada Act, these settlers living west of the Ottawa River, were given the right to establish a government of their own, with an elective legislature patterned on the laws of England. The King sent out a Lieutenant-Governor, a Chief Justice, an Attorney-General and other officials to organize the new government.

Colonel John Graves Simcoe, who had commanded the Queen's Rangers during the war and had returned to England on parole and, at that time, was living in retirement on his rural estate in Devonshire, was chosen by the King, as the first Lieutenant-Governor of the newly created Province of Upper Canada.

When Colonel Simcoe arrived at Kingston in the summer of 1792, he issued the writs for the first elections, and then proceeded to Niagara, the temporary capital of the Province of Upper Canada.

Governor John Graves Simcoe favoured laying out the new capital of the Province of Upper Canada on the site of the present City of London, it being his opinion that the frontier of an enemy state was an unsuitable place for a capital. He was overruled however, by the Governor of

Toronto—continued

Canada, Lord Dorchester, the former Guy Carleton, who was an officer under Wolfe at the taking of Quebec. (For his previous military exploits in the colonies he had been raised to the peerage as Lord Dorchester.) Lord Dorchester upon personal inspection, on May 2, 1793, found the proposed site of Toronto on the north shore of Lake Ontario, well-adapted by its strategic location, for the seat of government. Accordingly, in the Spring of the year 1793, Governor Simcoe accompanied by a hundred men of the Queen's Rangers, a new corps with the old name, crossed the Lake from Niagara-on-the-Lake (Newark), landing somewhere near the foot of Bathurst Street, and commenced the work of laying out the site for the new town.

Governor Simcoe retired from office on July 9, 1796, and returned to England. He was promoted, in after years, to be Lieutenant General and Commander-in-Chief of India, succeeding the Duke of Wellington in that high office. He died in 1806.

Toronto, in 1793, consisted only of the military works; it was not until the next year, 1794, that the erection of buildings were commenced to house the various officials. Governor Simcoe, on August 26, 1793, changed the name of Toronto

to York, in honour of the Duke of York, son of the then King George III, a salute being fired at noon the next day, in commemoration of the change.

The Town of York was occupied by the United States Forces in 1813; at which time the Legislative Assembly Buildings and Archives were burned; and the Mace, emblem of sovereignty and authority for many centuries in the British Empire, was carried away. In 1934, during Toronto's Centennial Celebrations, the Mace was returned to the Ontario Government through the good offices of the late President of the United States, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, as a gesture of international good-will. This historic Mace now reposes in the Royal Ontario Museum on Bloor Street West. On special occasions, such as the opening of the Provincial Parliament, this Mace is taken out of the Museum and becomes a symbolic part of the impressive ceremonies carried out at the official opening of the Provincial Legislature. In reprisal for the burning of Fort York, the British forces captured Washington, and burned all of its public buildings. It is said that before setting fire to the President's Mansion, a regiment of Scottish soldiers, devoured a fine dinner prepared for the President, then they burned as much of the house as possible, leaving

only an outer shell. The President's Mansion was restored afterwards, and is now called the White House, for the reason, that it had to be covered with many coats of white paint to conceal the marks of its severe burning.

TORONTO—INCORPORATED AS A CITY—1834

Self-government was granted the Town of York in 1817, and, in 1834, the population, having increased to 9,000, the Government of the Province of Upper Canada passed an Act, dated March 6, 1834, to extend the limits of the Town of York and to incorporate the said Town into a City, under the name of the City of Toronto.

The preamble of the Bill declared:

Whereas, from the rapid increase of the population, commerce and wealth of the Town of York, a more efficient system of police and municipal government than now established, has become obviously necessary; and

Whereas, none appears so likely to attain effectually the objects desired, as the erection thereof into a City, and the incorporation of the inhabitants, and vesting in them the power to elect a Mayor, Aldermen and Common Councilmen and other officers, for the management of

the affairs of the said City and the levying of such moderate taxes, as may be necessary for improvements and other public purposes; and

Whereas, the name of York is common to so many towns and places that it is desirable for avoiding inconvenience and confusion, to designate the Capital of the Province by a name which will better distinguish it, and none appears more eligible than that by which the site of the present town was known before the name of York was assigned to it:

"Therefore, his Majesty, by and with the advice, etc., etc."

The first municipal elections in the City of Toronto were held on Thursday, March 27, 1834. All male householders had the franchise, whether owners or tenants. The City was divided into five wards and, in each, two aldermen and two councilmen were elected. The mayor was chosen, by council, from among the aldermen.

William Lyon Mackenzie, the grandfather on his mother's side, of the former Prime Minister of Canada, was chosen by his fellow members of Council, as the first Mayor of the City of Toronto, in the year 1834. It is interesting to note that following the rebellion of 1837, William Lyon

Mackenzie, fled into exile to New York State, where his youngest daughter was born, who afterwards became the mother of our former Prime Minister of Canada, the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, P.C., M.P.

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT TORONTO

One of the notable achievements of Governor Simcoe was the opening of Yonge Street to Lake Simcoe which was completed in 1796. Yonge Street was named after Sir George Yonge, Secretary of State for War, who was a former neighbour of Governor Simcoe in Devonshire, England. At this time York comprised only twelve blocks, immediately north of the Parliament Buildings then situated close to the waterfront at the foot of what is now Berkeley Street. The present intersection of King and Yonge Street was not then in existence.

The first extensive industry was established in Toronto in 1812 when Jesse Ketchum started the business of tanning hides at what is now the south-west corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets. At that time, in the Town of York, there was a blacksmith, a wainwright, a candlemaker, a clock maker, a hat maker and a cobbler.

Toronto's first street lighting system was placed in service during the year 1842, the il-

luminant being gas; at that time Toronto was one of eleven cities on the North American Continent to have a street lighting system. Electric arc lights made their appearance in 1884. To-day, there are over 40,000 street lights in the City of Toronto. When the new improved street lighting system now being undertaken, is completed, Toronto will be one of the most modern lighted cities on this continent. The first local public transportation service was operated by a cabinet maker by the name of Williams who inaugurated in 1849 an omnibus service from St. Lawrence Market to Yorkville near Bloor Street, by way of King and Yonge Streets. In 1861 a franchise was given the Toronto Street Railway Company for the operation of rail transportation with horse-drawn street cars to operate at not more than thirty minute interval, and at a speed of six miles per hour. The first street railway in Canada was operated on Yonge Street on September 11th, 1861.

In 1842, just eight years after incorporation as a City, Charles Dickens wrote this most illuminating description of Toronto. "The town itself is full of life and motion, bustle, business and improvement. The streets are well paved and lighted with gas; the houses are large and good; the shops excellent, many of them having a dis-

play of goods in their windows such as may be seen in thriving towns in England, and some which would do no discredit to the metropolis itself. There is a good stone prison here, and there are, besides, a handsome church, a court house, public offices, many commodious private residences and a Government observatory for noting and recording the magnetic variations."

STANDARD TIME INVENTED BY A TORONTO CITIZEN

One of the notable achievements of a citizen of Toronto, in the earlier days, was the invention by Sandford Fleming in 1879, of a new system of reckoning time. This system is now the legal system of marking time throughout most of the civilized world. He was knighted by the late Queen Victoria, in recognition of the importance of his invention.

AREA GROWTH BY ANNEXATION

The original City and Liberties consisted of land and water areas of 7.899 acres and 2.460 acres, respectively.

To-day the land area of the City is 22,286.9 acres (34.82 square miles) and the water area is 3,679.5 acres (5.75 square miles).

The following is a list showing the area and date of the larger districts annexed to the City. Districts of less than 100 acres are not included:

Toronto—continued

District	Area (acres)	Date of Annexation
Yorkville	556.8	Feb. 1, 1883
Brockton (including High Park)	975.9	Mar. 25, 1884
	13.8*	
Riverdale	1,236.6	Mar. 25, 1884
Rosedale	98.5	Jan. 3, 1887
Annex	212.4	Jan. 3, 1887
N. of Bloor and W. of Bathurst	1,082.4	Jan. 2, 1888
Sunnyside	115.2	Jan. 2, 1888
Parkdale	578.4	Mar. 23, 1889
	84.0*	
Lakeshore Road	116.4	May 27, 1893
	6.0*	
Part of Humber Bay and Lake West of the Island	1,115.0*	Oct. 10, 1903
Avenue Road	128.4	Mar. 10, 1905
North Rosedale	277.7	Jan. 1, 1906
Deer Park	241.2	Dec. 15, 1908
East Toronto	602.7	Dec. 15, 1908
Wychwood and Bracondale	582.2	Feb. 1, 1909
West Toronto	1,609.8	May 1, 1909
Midway	1,347.6	Dec. 15, 1909
Balmy Beach	191.5	Dec. 15, 1909
Dovercourt and Earlscourt	725.2	Jan. 10, 1910
North Toronto	2,701.6	Dec. 15, 1912
Moore Park	259.7	Dec. 16, 1912
Mount Pleasant Cemetery	207.1	June 27, 1914

* **Water area.**

Toronto—continued

INSULIN DISCOVERED IN TORONTO

The discovery of Insulin, one of the most accurately planned scientific developments that the world has ever known, was made at the physiology laboratories of the University of Toronto in the year 1921, by the late Sir Frederick Banting and Dr. Charles H. Best, working under Professor J. J. R. McLeod. The prolongation of life made possible by the discovery of Insulin, has made Toronto a name revered to all those who have suffered with Diabetes, and the mecca for all scientists, the world over, interested in the study of such an important disease.

CITY HALL

The Town of York erected a new Market-building in the year 1831. Part of this building was fitted up as a City Hall. Here the first city council meeting of the newly created City of Toronto was held in the year 1834. This building was demolished in 1849.

The first City Hall was erected in the year 1845 on the south side of Front Street between Jarvis and Market Streets. It now forms part of the St. Lawrence Market.

The site of the present City Hall, expropriated in 1884, is situated on Queen Street between

City Hall—continued

James and Bay Streets, and was intended, originally, for Court House purposes only, but it was decided, subsequently, to erect a combined City Hall and Court House thereon.

The cornerstone of the present City Hall is located at the southwest corner of the tower foundation, and was laid by Mayor E. F. Clarke on November 21, 1891. The building was opened for public business on September 18, 1899. The total cost (including site, clock, bells and furniture) did not exceed $2,500,000 although it has a floor space of 5.4 acres.

The tower of the City Hall rises to a height of 300 feet from the sidewalk. In the tower is installed a massive clock of British manufacture with three bells which are used for striking the quarter hours, half hours and the hours. The smallest bell (quarter bell) weighs 1904 pounds, the next largest (quarter bell) 3339 pounds and the largest (hour bell) 11648 pounds. The diameter of the clock face is 20 feet. The architect of the City Hall was Edward James Lennox, whose name and profession are carved on blocks of stone, one initial on each block, underneath the eaves of the roof, on the south, east and west sides of the City Hall building.

City Hall—continued

THE GREAT STAINED GLASS WINDOW IN THE CITY HALL

The scene depicted in this remarkable window, "The Union of Commerce and Industry", symbolizes the upbuilding of Toronto. The Civic Queen stands hand in hand with the sponsor of Industry, behind whom are grouped representatives of the various trades, while on her right, representing Commerce, are figures symbolic of the continents. Toronto's shipping and building interests are also depicted in the design. The distant building surmounted by a cupola is a faithful representation of the old City Hall front, while the portion of the structure with scaffolding surrounding it is the south-west corner of the new City Hall, from a careful drawing specially made for the window at the time the building was in the course of construction. The rising sun, emblematical of activity, spreads its rays across a wide expanse of sky and sea. In the top panels, the Arms of the City of Toronto are shown with the Motto: "Industry — Integrity — Intelligence", flanked by symbolic figures of "Peace" and "Honour".

The window, owing to its originality of design and special artistic excellence, has long since become well known, and is ever a source of pleasure to visitors, more particularly to persons

familiar with the technical details of such a work. The window measures 16 x 23 ft. It was designed by Mr. Robert McCausland, of Toronto, and carried out in his studios under his personal supervision in 1899.

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT AND ELECTIONS

The Government of the City of Toronto is vested in a Municipal Council under the provisions of the Municipal Act passed by the Government of the Province of Ontario.

The Council is composed of the Mayor and four members of the Board of Control, who are elected annually by the voters at large, and eighteen Aldermen, elected annually from the nine wards into which the City is divided, two from each ward, making a total membership of 23.

The Municipal Act provides that a council may, by by-law passed not later than the first day of November, fix the place and time of the nomination meeting, and when the election for any office is by general vote, or by wards, the by-law may fix different places and times for the nomination meeting for the respective offices; except such date falls on a Sunday or the 24th, 25th, or 31st of December. The period that must

elapse between nomination day and polling day is not less than 7 days, provided that the days fixed for nomination and election must be in the period from the 15th of November to the 2nd day of January, both inclusive.

Nominations for Mayor and Controllers must be made from 10 a.m. and not later than 11 a.m. at the City Hall with the City Clerk as Returning Officer presiding. Nominations for Aldermen and Board of Education must be made from 12 noon and not later than 1 p.m. at a school building located in each ward, with a Returning Officer, representing the City Clerk, presiding.

CIVIC ADMINISTRATION

The Council as a whole is the legislative body of the Municipality and carries on its work through the Board of Control and the following Standing Committees, viz.: Committee on Works, Committee on Property, Committee on Parks and Exhibitions, Committee on Legislation and the Committee on Public Welfare.

The Board of Control is the executive body of Council and, as such, is responsible for the preparation of the annual estimates; the regulation and supervision of all matters relating to

Civic Administration—continued

finances and expenditures, revenue and investments; the management of all matters relating to the financial portion of the Water Works, the administration of the Fire Department, the operation and management of the Municipal Abattoir; the consideration and revision of all by-laws and agreements that may be authorized by the Council; the supervision and control of all books, documents, vouchers and securities belonging to the Corporation; the renting or leasing of any property belonging to the Corporation (except lands upon the Island); the preparation of specifications, calling for tenders and the awarding of all contracts for works, materials and supplies required by the Corporation; the nomination to Council of heads of departments and sub-departments in case of a vacancy; the carrying on of public works authorized by Council and the general administration of the affairs of the City, except as to the Departments of Education and Police, the former being under the control of the Board of Education elected by the voters annually (similar to Council, two members elected from each of the nine wards in the City), and the latter under a Board of Commissioners of Police.

The Council, without a two-thirds vote, cannot reverse or vary the action of the Board of Con-

trol in respect to tenders, when the effect of such vote would be to increase the cost of the work, or, to award the contract to a tenderer other than the one to whom the Board has awarded it. The Municipal Act also provides, that the Council shall not appropriate or expend any sum not provided for in the Estimates, or a supplementary Estimate approved and certified by the Board of Control, without a two-thirds vote of Council. The Board of Control is vested with power to dismiss or suspend any Head of Department and forthwith report same to Council, and such official cannot be re-appointed or re-instated, without a two-thirds vote of Council. The Heads of Departments, under the provision of a by-law, have full power to dismiss, suspend or demote any subordinate officer, clerk or employee.

All reports of Committtees are submitted first to the Board of Control, and then transmitted by that body to the City Council, with such amendments as the Board may deem advisable.

* * * *

The Local Board of Health is a statutory body and not a Committee of Council. It derives its authority under the provisions of the Public Health Act. By an amendment to the said Act

Civic Administration—continued

in 1943 it is provided that, in a city having a population of 100,000 or over, according to the enumeration of the assessors for the last preceding year, the council may by by-law provide that the local board shall consist of the Mayor, the Medical Officer of Health and five resident ratepayers, at least two of whom shall not be members of the Council, who shall be appointed annually by the Council at its first meeting in every year.

Pursuant to the foregoing statutory authority, City Council on January 10, 1944, passed by-law No. 16064, which provides that the Local Board of Health of the City of Toronto shall consist of the Mayor, the Medical Officer of Health and five resident ratepayers, at least two of whom shall not be members of the Council, who shall be appointed annually by the Council at its first meeting in every year. Three of the five resident ratepayers appointed by the City Council, this year, were elected representatives, namely, Alderman Frost, Collings and Fishleigh; the other two resident ratepayers being Dr. W. C. Givens and Dr. C. C. Goldring, M.A.

The City Council, on December 10, 1945, on the recommendation of the Local Board of Health, approved of the establishment of a policy, that

one of the five members to be appointed to the Local Board of Health by the City Council, shall be a nominee of the Academy of Medicine.

The function of the Board is to give direction to the enforcement of the provisions of the Public Health Act and regulations, and of all civic by-laws of health import.

INFORMATION RELATING TO MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

BASIS OF VOTERS' LIST

In accordance with the Voters' List Act, the City Clerk is required to commence the preparation of the Voters' List, immediately after the return of the Assessment Roll for any Ward by the Assessor. The Assessment Rolls for the City of Toronto are returned by the Assessors to the City Clerk, at various times in the year, according to Wards.

The Voters' List when completed for the whole City by Wards, is posted in the City Clerk's Office about the first week in November in each year. Two copies of the Voters' List are distributed to each Judge of the County of York, to the Mayor and each member of Council, to every postmaster in the municipality, to each local Member of the Federal and Provincial Governments, and to other authorized persons as set out in the Voters' List Act. These Lists are certified by the Clerk as being a correct list of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll, in the case of names on Part 1 of the List, to be voters at both Provincial and Municipal Elections, or, at Municipal Elections in the case of names on Part 2 of the List.

The City Clerk, pursuant to the Voters' List Act, causes to be inserted, once a week for

three weeks in such daily newspapers published in the City as may be directed by the Judge, calling upon persons who are aware of errors or omissions in the Lists, or, of any changes by reason of death or removal of any person named therein, or of any person who has acquired the necessary qualifications as a voter since the return of final revision of the Assessment Roll for any Ward, to give notice of the same. The notice in the newspapers names a time and place at which the Judge will hold a Court, for revising the Lists for the Whole City.

The time for making complaints as to errors or omissions in the Lists, is within fifteen days after the first publication of the notice in the newspaper, respecting the posting of the Voters' List by the City Clerk.

PERSONS ENTITLED TO BE ENTERED ON THE VOTERS' LIST

Every person shall be entitled to be entered on the Voters' List prepared under Part 1 or Part 2 of the Voters' List Act, who is,

(a) of the full age of 21 years;
(b) a British Subject by birth or naturalization;
(c) not disqualified under the Municipal Act or otherwise by law prohibited from voting; and

Municipal Elections—continued

(d) rated or entitled to be rated for an amount of $400 on the last revised Assessment Roll of the City of Toronto, for land held in his or her own right as owner or tenant or who is the wife or husband of the person so rated or entitled to be rated for land as owner or tenant.

The Assessment Act as amended in 1939 provides that no portion of any building used or intended to be used as a residence shall be separately assessed, unless it is a domestic establishment of two or more rooms in which the occupants usually sleep and prepare and serve meals.

IMPORTANCE OF NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT

Every person entitled to have his name entered on the Voters' List, should receive an assessment notice, prior to the date of the return of the Assessment Roll for his particular Ward. If you do not receive an assessment notice and possess the qualifications of a voter as shown above, it is probably because the proper information was not given to the Assessor when he called at your house to make the annual assessment. In such case, you should lodge an appeal with the Assessment Commissioner within ten days from the date of the

return of the particular Assessment Roll to the City Clerk, to have the same corrected by the Court of Revision. It must be remembered, that the City Clerk only places the names of those persons on the Voters' List who appear by the last revised Assessment Roll to possess the necessary qualifications to become voters. This neglect on the part of the citizen, is one of the chief causes for complaint on Election Day, that names of persons entitled to vote, have been left off the Voters' List.

The notice given in the newspapers about the first of November in each year, as to the posting of the Voters' List by the City Clerk, is the citizen's last and final opportunity to have his name added to the Voters' List. Fifteen days are allowed in which to examine the List and, if the same is not correct, to enter an appeal to have same corrected in accordance with the facts. It is the paramount duty of every citizen, to see that his name is included in the Voters' List, and also to exercise his municipal franchise on Election Day, as a means of furthering the good government of his particular municipality.

VOTING ON QUESTIONS AND BY-LAWS

The persons qualified to vote on a money by-law shall be those persons shown on the voters' list as, (1) owner; (2) tenant whose lease extends for the time for which the debt is to be created or in which the money to be raised by the proposed by-law is payable, or for at least twenty-one years, and who has by the lease covenanted to pay all municipal taxes in respect of the property, other than local improvement rates, provided he makes and files with the City Clerk not later than the tenth day before the day appointed for taking the vote, a declaration under the Canada Evidence Act, so stating;

(3) The nominee of a corporation assessed upon the last revised list as owner of property provided the said corporation, not later than the tenth day before the time appointed for taking the vote, files with the Clerk an appointment in writing of a person to vote as its nominee and on its behalf.

In a city divided into wards, a voter shall be entitled to vote on a money by-law in each ward in which he has the prescribed qualification, but **shall not be entitled to vote more than once on any other by-law or on any question submitted to the electors,** unless it is otherwise provided by the Act, by-law or other authority under which the vote is taken.

VOTERS' LIST 1949

Number entered thereon

Owners—Pt. 1		
residing on premises	122,220	
Owners—Pt. 2		
not residing on premises	30,890	
Total owners		153,110
Tenants—Pt. 1		
residing on premises	115,545	
Tenants—Pt. 2		
not residing on premises	13,029	
Total tenants		128,574
Municipal Franchise Voters—Pt. 1	89,268	
Municipal Franchise Voters—Pt. 2	16,646	
Total M. F. Voters		105,914
TOTAL		387,598

Percentage and Number of Electors Voting

	1944 - 1949	No.
1944	39.40%	143,110
1945	29.62%	107,790
1946	25.60%	93,069
1947	30.03%	109,949
1948	39.73%	145,959
1949	33.36%	129,297

PERCENTAGE OF ELECTORS VOTING BY WARDS

Ward	1947	1948	1949
	%	%	%
1	25.94	36.26	30.70
2	32.53	38.05	32.30
3	19.46	26.31	23.10
4	31.28	41.96	36.14
5	31.27	43.27	36.21
6	27.46	38.28	32.11
7	31.14	40.66	36.03
8	30.99	39.64	35.83
9	38.12	48.42	42.01
TOTAL	30.028%	39.728%	33.36%

CLERK'S RETURN

2-year Term

Showing summary of votes cast by qualified electors at the municipal elections held on January 1, 1949, on the question:

"Are you in favour of the Members of Council and of the Board of Education elected for the City of Toronto on January 1st, 1949, remaining in office for two years and the Toronto Municipal Elections being held every two years thereafter?"

Ward	Yes	No
1	4,867	8,007
2	4,930	4,952
3	3,203	2,551
4	4,464	7,152
5	4,762	11,763
6	8,070	12,876
7	3,988	6,025
8	7,047	10,575
9	9,109	9,349
TOTAL	50,440	73,250

Majority Against: 22,810

MAYORS OF TORONTO

Note: From 1834 to 1858 and from 1867 to 1873, inclusive, the Mayor was chosen by Council from among its membership; from 1859 to 1866 inclusive, and from 1874 onward, the Mayor was elected by general vote.

Mayors Chosen by Council

1834—William Lyon Mackenzie.
1835—Robert Baldwin Sullivan.
1836—Thomas D. Morrison.
1837—George Gurnett.
1838—John Powell.
1839—John Powell.
1840—John Powell.
1841—George Monro.
1842—Hon. Henry Sherwood.
1843—Hon. Henry Sherwood.
1844—Hon. Henry Sherwood.
1845—William Henry Boulton.
1846—William Henry Boulton.
1847—William Henry Boulton.
1848—George Gurnett.
1849—George Gurnett.
1850—George Gurnett.
1851—John George Bowes.
1852—John George Bowes.
1853—John George Bowes.

Mayors of Toronto—continued

1854—Joshua George Beard.
John Beverley Robinson, President.
1855—George William Allan.
1856—John Beverley Robinson.
1857—John Hutchinson.
1858—William Henry Boulton.
David Breckenridge Read.

Mayors Elected by General Vote

1859—Adam Wilson.
1860—Adam Wilson.
John Carr, President.
1861—John George Bowes.
1862—John George Bowes.
1863—John George Bowes.
1864—Francis H. Medcalf.
1865—Francis H. Medcalf.
1866—Francis H. Medcalf.

Mayors Chosen by Council

1867—James E. Smith.
1868—James E. Smith.
1869—Samuel Bickerton Harman.
1870—Samuel Bickerton Harman.
D'Arcy Boulton, President.
1871—Joseph Sheard.
1872—Joseph Sheard.

Mayors of Toronto—continued

1873—Alexander Manning.

Mayors Elected by General Vote

1874—Francis H. Metcalf.

1875—Francis H. Medcalf.
John Baxter, President.

1876—Angus Morrison.

1877—Angus Morrison.
Patrick G. Close, President.

1878—Angus Morrison.

1879—James Beaty, Jr.

1880—James Beaty, Jr.

1881—William Barclay McMurrich.

1882—William Barclay McMurrich.

1883—Arthur Radcliffe Boswell.

1884—Arthur Radcliffe Boswell.

1885—Alexander Manning.

1886—William Holmes Howland.

1887—William Holmes Howland.

1888—Edward Frederick Clarke.

1889—Edward Frederick Clarke.
John McMillan, President.

1890—Edward Frederick Clarke.

1891—Edward Frederick Clarke.

1892—Robert John Fleming.

1893—Robert John Fleming.

Mayors of Toronto—continued

1894—Warring Kennedy.

1895—Warring Kennedy.
John Shaw, President.

1896—Robert John Fleming.

1897—Robert John Fleming.
John Shaw.

1898—John Shaw.

1899—John Shaw.

1900—Ernest Albert Macdonald.

1901—Oliver A. Howland.

1902—Oliver A. Howland.

1903—Thomas Urquhart.

1904—Thomas Urquhart.

1905—Thomas Urquhart.

1906—Emerson Coatsworth.

1907—Emerson Coatsworth.

1908—Joseph Oliver.

1909—Joseph Oliver.
John J. Ward, President.

1910—George Reginald Geary.
John J. Ward, President.

1911—George Reginald Geary.
Francis S. Spence, President.

Mayors of Toronto—continued

1912—George Reginald Geary.
Horatio C. Hocken.
Thomas L. Church, President.

1913—Horatio C. Hocken.

1914—Horatio C. Hocken.

1915—Thomas Langton Church.

1916—Thomas Langton Church.

1917—Thomas Langton Church.

1918—Thomas Langton Church.

1919—Thomas Langton Church.

1920—Thomas Langton Church.

1921—Thomas Langton Church.

1922—Charles Alfred Maguire.

1923—Charles Alfred Maguire.

1924—William W. Hiltz.

1925—Thomas Foster.

1926—Thomas Foster.

1927—Thomas Foster.

1928—Samuel McBride.
Joseph Gibbons, President.

1929—Samuel McBride.

1930—Bert S. Wemp.

1931—William J. Stewart.

1932—William J. Stewart.

Mayors of Toronto—continued

1933—William J. Stewart.
1934—William J. Stewart.
J. George Ramsden, President.
1935—James Simpson.
Samuel McBride, President.
1936—Samuel McBride.
*William D. Robbins, President.

* Appointed Mayor by Council for balance of year 1936, vice Samuel McBride, deceased.

1937—William D. Robbins.
Ralph C. Day, President.
1938—Ralph C. Day.
Wm. J. Wadsworth, President.
1939—Ralph C. Day.
1940—Ralph C. Day.
1941—Fred J. Conboy.
1942—Fred J. Conboy.
1943—Fred J. Conboy.
Lewis Duncan, President.
1944—Fred J. Conboy.
Robert H. Saunders, President.
1945—Robert H. Saunders.
David A. Balfour, President.
1946—Robert H. Saunders.
Hiram E. McCallum, President.
1947—Robert H. Saunders.
Hiram E. McCallum, President.

Mayors of Toronto—continued

1948—{Robert H. Saunders.
*Hiram E. McCallum, President.

* Appointed Mayor by Council for balance of year 1948, vice Robert H. Saunders resigned as of February 23, 1948.

Nathan Phillips, President, appointed by Council March 9, 1948, vice Hiram E. McCallum resigned.

1949—{Hiram E. McCallum.
John M. Innes, President.

CITY COUNCIL, 1949

	Business Address	Phone	Residence Address	Phone
MAYOR				
Hiram E. McCallum	1501 Queen St. E.	Ha. 1606		
CONTROLLERS				
John M. Innes, M.B.E., Vice-Chairman, Board of Control and President of Council.	208 City Hall	Ad. 2626	302 Merton St.	Hy. 0627
David A. Balfour	73 Adelaide St. W.	El. 9404	19 Tyrrel Ave	La. 9949
Allan A. Lamport	983 Bay St.	Mi. 3141	84 Harper Ave	Mo. 8626
Leslie H. Saunders	124 Main St.	Ho. 1608	124 Main St.	Ox. 6285

	Business Address	Phone	Residence Address	Phone

ALDERMEN

Ward 1

John McMechan	266 Donlands Ave	Ha. 2167	27 Jackman Ave.	Gl. 7888
Chas. A. Walton	372 Bay St.	El. 8890	23 Nealon Ave.	Gl. 7307

Ward 2

J. L. Shannon, K.C	45 Richmond St. W	El. 2509	331 Rose Park Dr.	Hy. 9443
Everett L. Weaver	302 Bay St.	Wa. 8084	52 Chestnut Park	Ki. 9319

Ward 3

Harold F. Fishleigh	2255 Yonge St.	Ma. 5453	207 Strathallan Blvd.	Ma. 1836
Howard A. Phillips	171 Yonge St.	Ad. 2045	869 Avenue Rd.	Hy. 6407

	Business Address	Phone	Residence Address	Phone
Ward 4				
Norman Freed	274 College St.	Ki. 0873	278 Crawford St.	Lo. 8508
Nathan Phillips, K.C.	171 Yonge St.	Ad. 2045	26 Lauder Ave.	Ll. 4758
Ward 5				
Arthur Frost	70 Hallam St.	Lo. 2175	553 Concord Ave.	Lo. 8140
Charles Sims	292 Harbord St.	Me. 2486	488 Montrose Ave.	Ll. 9733
Ward 6				
W. Frank Clifton	313 Brock Ave.	Me. 5719	717 Eglinton Ave. W.	Or. 5719
George P. Granell	330 Geary Ave.	Ll. 9100		
Ward 7				
Alfred H. Cowling Jr.	2 Toronto St.	Ad. 5166	21 Evans Ave.	Ly. 3571
Charles Rowntree	257 King St. W.	Ad. 3106	179 Humberside Ave.	Ju. 0764

	Business Address		Phone	Residence Address		Phone
Ward 8						
Wm. H. Collings	2177	Danforth Ave.	Gr. 2556	2177	Danforth Ave	Gr. 2556
Roy S. Mealing	2152	Queen St. E.	Ho. 3134	12	Crown Park Rd.	Gr. 9882
Ward 9						
Roy E. Belyea	1002	Bathurst St.	La. 1157	207	Glenayr Rd.	Mo. 2926
Frank L. Nash	57	Queen St. W.	Ad. 3901	100	St. Leonard's Ave.	Mo. 4575

The inaugural meeting of the 1949 City Council was held on Monday morning, January 10, 1949, at eleven o'clock; the regular meetings of the Council are held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, every alternate Monday thereafter, at 2.30 p.m. (except during summer vacation).

Daylight Saving Time in Toronto for the year 1949 commences at two o'clock in the morning of Sunday, April 24th, and terminates at two o'clock in the morning of Sunday, November 27th.

REPRESENTATIVES OF CITY COUNCIL OR BOARD OF CONTROL ON HOSPITAL AND OTHER BOARDS, COMMISSIONS OR COMMITTEES FOR THE YEAR 1949

ADVISORY PERSONNEL COMMITTEE — Controller Saunders, Chairman, appointed by Board of Control; the Commissioner of Finance, the City Auditor and the Street Commissioner nominated by the heads of departments; Mr. D. A. Dunlop nominated by Local Union No. 113, Mr. S. A. Steele nominated by Local Union No. 43 and Mr. J. G. Warnock nominated by Local Union No. 79.

ART GALLERY — Aldermen Granell, Mealing, Nathan Phillips, Nash and Weaver.

CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION—His Worship Mayor McCallum, Aldermen Weaver, Rowntree, Clifton, Mealing, Frost, McMechan and Granell.

CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, TORONTO BRANCH—Controller Lamport and Alderman Cowling.

CATHOLIC CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY — His Worship Mayor McCallum and Controller Balfour.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY—His Worship Mayor McCallum and Alderman Belyea.

CIVIC ADVISORY COUNCIL OF TORONTO—Controller Balfour and Controller Saunders,

City Council, 1949—continued

appointed as the representatives of the Board of Control on the said Council.

CIVIC EMPLOYEES' PENSION COMMITTEE—Alderman Nathan Phillips appointed as the representative of the City Council on the said Committee.

CLAIMS COMMISSION — Controller Lamport appointed as the representative of the Board of Control on the said Commission.

HEALTH LEAGUE OF CANADA, COUNCIL OF—Controller Lamport and Controller Saunders appointed to represent the City.

HEALTH, LOCAL BOARD OF—Aldermen Frost (Chairman), Collings and Fishleigh; Dr. W. C. Givens and Dr. C. C. Goldring.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON HOSPITALIZATION —City Treasurer (Chairman), Commissioner of Public Welfare, Medical Officer of Health, City Auditor, City Clerk, His Worship the Mayor and City Solicitor.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF TORONTO—
His Worship Mayor McCallum and Alderman Shannon.

LAUGHLEN LODGE—Controller Saunders, Aldermen Nash and Frost.

MASSEY MUSIC HALL—
His Worship Mayor McCallum.

City Council, 1949—continued

OUR LADY OF MERCY HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES—Controller Balfour.

PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL—Controller John M. Innes appointed by City Council to act during any absence of His Worship the Mayor.

PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD—His Worship Mayor McCallum (represented by Controller Lamport), Charles M. Carrie, Mrs. John W. Falkner and Albert Taylor.

RUNNYMEDE HOSPITAL—Controller Innes and Alderman Cowling.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL—Alderman Granell.

ST. MICHAEL'S HOSPITAL — Controller Balfour.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE re ADDITIONAL REVENUE—Alderman Clifton (Chairman), Controller Innes, Controller Saunders, Aldermen Belyea and Fishleigh.

TORONTO CONVENTION AND TOURIST ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED — Hon. President (ex-officio) His Worship Mayor Hiram E. McCallum.

City Council, 1949—continued

TORONTO EAST GENERAL HOSPITAL—
Aldermen Collings and Walton.

WATERFRONT VIADUCT PROPERTY COMMISSION—Thomas H. Lemon.

TORONTO FIRE DEPARTMENT SUPERANNUATION AND BENEFIT FUND COMMITTEE—
Controller Balfour appointed as the representative of the Board of Control on the said Committee.

TORONTO GENERAL HOSPITAL — His Worship Mayor McCallum, Controller Lamport, Aldermen Fishleigh, Granell and Weaver.

TORONTO HOUSING COMPANY—
Alderman Fishleigh.

TORONTO HUMANE SOCIETY—
Alderman Belyea.

TORONTO INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION—
His Worship Mayor Hiram E. McCallum.

TORONTO POLICE BENEFIT FUND COMMITTEE
—Controller Innes appointed as the representative of the Board of Control on said Committee.

City Council, 1949—continued

TORONTO WESTERN HOSPITAL — Aldermen Nathan Phillips, K.C., and Frost.

WOMEN'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL— Alderman Howard Phillips.

SERVICE RECORD OF MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

David A. Balfour—
Alderman, Ward No. 4, 1939, 1942.
Controller, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Roy E. Belyea—
Alderman Ward No. 9, 1949.

W. Frank Clifton—
Alderman, Ward No. 6, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Wm. H. Collings—
Alderman, Ward No. 8, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Alfred H. Cowling Jr.—
Alderman, Ward No. 7, 1949.

Harold F. Fishleigh—
Alderman, Ward No. 3, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Norman Freed—
Alderman, Ward No. 4, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Arthur Frost—
Alderman, Ward No. 5, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

City Council, 1949—continued

George P. Granell—
Alderman, Ward No. 6, 1937, 1938, 1947, 1948, 1949.

John M. Innes—
Alderman, Ward No. 9, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946.
Controller, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Allan A. Lamport—
Alderman, Ward No. 2, 1937; Ward No. 3, 1946, 1947, 1948.
Controller, 1949.

Hiram E. McCallum—
Alderman, Ward No. 8, 1941, 1942, 1943.
Controller, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948.
Mayor, *1948, 1949.
* Effective February 23, 1948, vice Robert H. Saunders resigned.

John McMechan—
Alderman, Ward No. 1, 1949.

Roy S. Mealing—
Alderman, Ward No. 8, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Frank L. Nash—
Alderman, Ward No. 9, 1949.

Howard A. Phillips—
Alderman, Ward No. 3, 1949.

City Council, 1949—continued

Nathan Phillips—
Alderman, Ward No. 4, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Charles Rowntree—
Alderman, Ward No. 7, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1948, 1949.
Effective January 26, 1948, vice William H. Butt deceased.

Leslie H. Saunders—
Alderman, Ward No. 1, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1947, 1948.
Controller, 1949.

J. Louis Shannon—
Alderman, Ward No. 2, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Charles Sims—
Alderman, Ward No. 5, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Charles A. Walton—
Alderman, Ward No. 1, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949.

Everett L. Weaver—
Alderman, Ward No. 2, 1947, 1948, 1949.

BOARD OF CONTROL AND STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR 1949

BOARD OF CONTROL

HIRAM E. McCALLUM (Mayor), (Chairman); Controllers John M. Innes, M.B.E. (Vice-Chairman), David A. Balfour, Allan A. Lamport, Leslie H. Saunders.

Secretary at Department of the City Clerk.

Days of Meeting—Every alternate Tuesday morning (week preceding Council meeting) at nine-thirty o'clock, and every Wednesday morning at nine-thirty o'clock.

Deputations will be heard on every Wednesday morning at ten o'clock.

COMMITTEES

WORKS—Alderman Collings (Chairman); Controller Balfour, Aldermen Belyea, Cowling, Freed, Frost, Granell, McMechan, Howard Phillips, Weaver.

Secretary at Department of the City Clerk.

Meets on Wednesday afternoon in the week of Council meeting at two-thirty o'clock.

Standing Committees, 1949—continued

PROPERTY—Alderman Walton (Chairman); Controller Innes, Aldermen Clifton, Fishleigh, Mealing, Nash, Nathan Phillips, Rowntree, Shannon, Sims.

Secretary at Department of the City Clerk.

Meets on Wednesday afternoon in the week of Council Meeting at two o'clock.

PARKS AND EXHIBITIONS—Alderman Shannon (Chairman); Controller Lamport, Aldermen Clifton, Freed, Frost, Mealing, Nash, Howard Phillips, Rowntree, Walton.

Secretary at Department of the City Clerk.

Meets on Thursday afternoon in the week of Council Meeting at two-fifteen o'clock.

LEGISLATION — Alderman Nathan Phillips (Chairman); Controller Lamport, Aldermen Clifton, Cowling, McMechan, Mealing, Nash, Howard Phillips, Sims, Weaver.

Secretary at Department of the City Clerk.

Meets at the call of the Chairman.

PUBLIC WELFARE—Alderman Fishleigh (Chairman); Controller Saunders, Aldermen Belyea, Collings, Cowling, Freed, Granell, McMechan, Sims, Weaver.

Standing Committees, 1949—continued

Secretary at the Department of the City Clerk.
Meets on Tuesday afternoon in the week of Council meeting at two-fifteen o'clock.

His Worship the Mayor, by virtue of his Office, is ex-officio a member of all Standing and Special Committees.

LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH—Alderman Frost (Chairman); His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Collings and Fishleigh, Dr. W. C. Givens, Dr. C. C. Goldring and the Medical Officer of Health.

Secretary at Department of the City Clerk.
Meets on Tuesday morning in the week of Council meeting at eleven o'clock.

CIVIC DEPARTMENTS

MAYOR'S DEPARTMENT—Room No. 207, Second Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Hiram E. McCallum, Mayor.

F. C. Hamilton, Executive Assistant, 24 Heddington Avenue; telephone, Hyland 8116.

DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY CLERK—Room 209, Second Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

George A. Weale, City Clerk, 354 Beresford Avenue; telephone, Lyndhurst 8120.

C. Edgar Norris, Deputy City Clerk, 6 Preston Place; telephone, Hyland 4629.

Charles H. Villiers, Secretary to the Board of Control, 90 Broadway Avenue; telephone, Mohawk 8269.

J. O. Woodhouse, M.A., Department Chief Assistant and Secretary, 56 Mt. Pleasant Rd.; telephone, Hyland 2722.

ASSESSMENT DEPARTMENT—

Board of Assessors—William J. Stewart, Esq., C.B.E., Chairman; Alfred J. B. Gray, Vice-Chairman.

Room 202, Second Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Alfred J. B. Gray, Assessment Commissioner, 81 Sighthill Avenue; telephone, Mayfair 1828.

Civic Departments—continued

P. James Chenery, Deputy Assessment Commissioner, 319 Armadale Avenue; telephone, Lyndhurst 3520.

George Hurst, Associate Deputy Assessment Commissioner and Chief Assessor, 95 Parkside Drive; telephone, Lakeside 0239.

LEGAL DEPARTMENT—
Room 210, Second Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Wallace G. Angus, K.C., City Solicitor, 127 Highbourne Road; telephone, Hyland 9122.

J. Palmer Kent, K.C., Deputy City Solicitor, 27 Wilberton Road; telephone, Hyland 2240.

Frederick A. A. Campbell, K.C., Corporation Counsel, Room 405, Dominion Building, 465 Bay Street. Residence, 278 Lytton Boulevard; telephone, Hudson 0268.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT—Room No. 104, First Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

G. Arthur Lascelles, Commissioner of Finance and City Treasurer, 249 Cortleigh Boulevard; telephone, Mohawk 5711.

Ross R. Gillespie, Deputy City Treasurer, 162 Wanless Avenue; telephone, Hudson 9757.

Civic Departments—continued

Purchasing and Stores Division

Herbert M. Moore, Purchasing Agent, Room 203, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171. 6 Bracken Avenue, Howard 2323.

CITY AUDITOR'S OFFICE — Room No. 1108, Temple Building; telephone, Adelaide 6745.

Sholto C. Scott, F.C.A., City Auditor, 110 St. Clair Avenue West; telephone, Hudson 8465.

Harley W. Percy, Deputy City Auditor, 486 Glenlake Avenue; telephone, Lyndhurst 4233.

WORKS DEPARTMENT — Room No. 10 (Head Office), Ground Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Murray A. Stewart, Commissioner of Works, 282 Glencairn Avenue; telephone, Hudson 3225.

Leslie B. Allan, Deputy City Engineer, 157 Golfdale Road; telephone, Hudson 6078.

DEPARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING AND SURVEYING—Third Floor, West Side, Room 333, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Tracy D. leMay, O.L.S., Commissioner of City Planning and City Surveyor, and City Traffic Engineer, 170 Glencairn Avenue; telephone, Hudson 0447.

Louis F. Eadie, O.L.S., Deputy Commissioner of City Planning and Deputy City Surveyor, 83 Evans Avenue; telephone, Lyndhurst 7432.

Civic Departments—continued

DEPARTMENT OF PROPERTY — Room No. 14, Ground Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Graham D. Bland, Commissioner of Property, 51 Hilton Avenue; telephone, Lakeside 9447.

J. H. Woods, Deputy Commissioner of Property, 149 Hillhurst Boulevard; telephone, Hyland 1573.

STREET CLEANING DEPARTMENT — Ground Floor, West Corridor, City Registry Office Building, 90 Albert Street; telephone, Elgin 6143.

Harold D. Bradley, Street Commissioner, 5 Du Maurier Boulevard; telephone, Mayfair 7201.

Grant E. Taylor, Deputy Street Commissioner, 21 Coldstream Avenue; telephone, Hudson 2507.

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS — Room No. 18, Ground Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Kenneth S. Gillies, M.R.A.I.C., Commissioner of Buildings, 53 Walmsley Boulevard; telephone, Hyland 2493.

Frank W. Holden, Deputy Commissioner of Buildings, 78 Hiltz Avenue; telephone Hargrave 7983.

Civic Departments—continued

PARKS DEPARTMENT—Room No. 15, Ground Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Walter J. Love, Commissioner of Parks, 103 Lauder Avenue; telephone, Lombard 3096.

Oscar L. Pearson, Deputy Commissioner of Parks, 480 Oriole Parkway; telephone, Mayfair 5206.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT — Room No. 312, Third Floor, City Hall; telephones, Adelaide 7171 and Adelaide 9714.

Gordon Park Jackson, M.B., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health, 135 Tyndall Avenue; telephone, Lakeside 0417.

L. A. Pequegnat, M.B., D.P.H., Deputy Medical Officer of Health, 29 Elmsthorpe Avenue; telephone, Hyland 8223.

PUBLIC WELFARE DEPARTMENT — Dominion Building, 465 Bay Street; telephone, Waverley 1081.

Howard S. Rupert, Commissioner of Public Welfare, 82 Braeside Road; telephone Mayfair 2212.

Cecil W. Armstrong, Deputy Commissioner, 77 Wellesley Street; telephone, Midway 4891.

TORONTO MUNICIPAL ABATTOIR — At the foot of Tecumseh St.; telephone Waverley 9214.

Civic Departments—continued

Earl E. Hunt, Commissioner of Toronto Municipal Abattoir, 17 Kelway Boulevard; telephone, Hudson 8313.

POLICE HEADQUARTERS — Stewart Building, 149 College Street; telephone, Adelaide 2121.

Board of Commissioners of Police

Hiram E. McCallum, Mayor, Chairman.

His Honour T. Herbert Barton, 22 Wychwood Park. Telephone, Lakeside 1743.

Senior Magistrate Robert J. Browne, 232 Heath Street East; telephone, Hyland 1213.

Secretary

James McCubbin, Room 405, Dominion Building, 465 Bay Street; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Officers

John Chisholm, Chief Constable, 41 Indian Grove; telephone, Lakeside 3789.

Moses Mulholland, Deputy Chief Constable, 183 Strathmore Boulevard; telephone, Hargrave 0181.

CITY JAIL—550 Gerrard Street East; telephone, Gladstone 2496, 2497, 2498.

Civic Departments—continued

A. Armstrong, Governor, 70 Lawrence Avenue E.; telephone, Hudson 0126.

FIRE DEPARTMENT — Headquarters, Adelaide Street Fire Hall; telephone Nos.: Office, Adelaide 3579; Fire Halls, Adelaide 2138; Fire Alarm, Adelaide 2133.

Officers

Peter Herd, Chief of Department, 16 Roxborough Street West; telephone, Kingsdale 1354.

Albert Steen, Deputy Chief, 695 Kingston Road; telephone, Howard 0622.

Joseph Waterman, Deputy Chief, 297 Symington Avenue; telephone, Lloydbrook 6714.

COURT AND JUDICIAL OFFICERS

COUNTY COURT JUDGES' CHAMBERS — Room No. 107, First Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Robert Forsyth, Senior Judge, Room 107, City Hall.

Ian McL. Macdonell, Junior Judge, 15 Ormsby Crescent; telephone, Orchard 5544.

T. Herbert Barton, Junior Judge, 22 Wychwood Park; telephone, Lakeside 1743.

Albert E. Honeywell, Junior Judge, 64 Lonsdale Road; telephone, Hudson 2294.

Frank Denton, Junior Judge, 16 Killarney Road; telephone, Hyland 5621.

Egerton Lovering, Junior Judge, 421 Glencairn Avenue; telephone, Orchard 6842.

J. Ambrose Shea, Junior Judge, 46 Castle Knock Road; telephone, Mayfair 2972.

Samuel Factor, Junior Judge, 89 Lawrence Avenue East; telephone, Mohawk 9859.

Frank G. J. McDonagh, Junior Judge, 69 Cheritan Avenue; telephone, Mohawk 1967.

Archibald Perkins, Judges' Secretary. Office Telephone, Adelaide 7171. Local 125. 174 Balsam Avenue; telephone, Howard 8153.

Court and Judicial Officers — continued

SHERIFF'S OFFICES—Rooms Nos. 113 and 114, First Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

J. D. Conover, Sheriff, County of York; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

M. C. Zimmerman, Deputy Sheriff, County of York; telephone, Lombard 9780.

COUNTY COURT CLERK'S OFFICE—Room No. 109, First Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

J. H. Kennedy, County Court Clerk, 777 Indian Road; telephone, Junction 9724.

F. W. Redican, Deputy County Court Clerk, 7 St. Andrews Avenue, Centre Island; telephone, Trinity 1924.

SURROGATE COURT REGISTRAR'S OFFICE—Room No. 111, First Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Arthur S. Winchester, Surrogate Court Registrar, 42 Chudleigh Avenue; telephone, Hudson 8282.

Geo. P. McHugh, Deputy Registrar, 148 Cadorna Avenue; telephone, Gladstone 2090.

CLERK OF THE PEACE OFFICE — Room No. 13, Ground Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Court and Judicial Officers—continued

Arthur S. Winchester, Clerk of the Peace, 42 Chudleigh Avenue; telephone, Hudson 8282.

ASSIZE COURT OFFICE—Room No. 219, Second Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

S. Wills, Assistant Registrar, 426 Walmer Road; telephone, Midway 3753.

NON-JURY COURT OFFICE — Room No. 217, Second Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

F. W. Scott, Non-Jury Clerk, 3 Biggar Avenue; telephone, Lloydbrook 4430.

SPECIAL EXAMINER'S OFFICE—Room 110, First Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 9605.

Patricia Foy, Singer, Special Examiner.

Mary L. McEvoy, Special Examiner, 282 Bain Avenue; telephone, Gerrard 5234.

FIRST DIVISION COURT CLERK'S OFFICE—Room No. 316, Third Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Miss F. M. Flanagan, Clerk, 1084 Avenue Road; telephone, Hudson 2805.

Court and Judicial Officers — continued

Miss D. M. Dickson, Deputy Clerk, 183 Grenadier Road; telephone, Lombard 1980.

CROWN ATTORNEY'S OFFICE—Room No. 102, First Floor, City Hall; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

James W. McFadden, K.C., Crown Attorney, Apt. 408, 7 Edmund Avenue; telephone, Midway 6472.

William O. Gibson, K.C., Assistant Crown Attorney, 82 King Street, Oakville; telephone, 180.

Frederick I. Malone, Assistant Crown Attorney, 115 Douglas Drive; telephone, Randolph 8345.

Arthur O. Klein, Assistant Crown Attorney, 14 Carmichael Avenue; telephone, Hyland 8077.

Henry H. Bull, Assistant Crown Attorney, Apt. 504, 394 Avenue Road; telephone, Midway 7729.

TORONTO FAMILY COURT AND OFFICERS—Registry Office Building, 90 Albert Street; telephone, Adelaide 7244.

Hawley S. Mott, Judge, 27 Austin Crescent; telephone, Lakeside 5852.

D. Ross Hossack, Deputy Judge, 34 Dinnick Crescent; telephone, Hudson 2245.

Court and Judicial Officers — continued

MAGISTRATES' COURTS AND OFFICES — Ground and First Floors, City Hall, north-east corner. (Entrance from James and Albert Streets); telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Robert J. Browne, Senior Magistrate, 232 Heath Street East; telephone, Hyland 1213.

Frederick C. Gullen, K.C., Magistrate, 38 Avoca Avenue; telephone, Midway 9656.

John L. Prentice, K.C., Magistrate, 132 Alexandra Boulevard; telephone, Mayfair 4747.

S. Tupper Bigelow, K.C., Magistrate, 7 Rosehill Avenue; telephone, Kingsdale 1206.

Thomas S. Elmore, K.C., Magistrate, 136 Hillsdale Avenue West; telephone, Mohawk 8950.

Arthur L. Tinker, Magistrate and Magistrates' Court Clerk, 28 Anderson Avenue; telephone, Hyland 0958.

Bruce MacRae Taylor, J.P., Executive Assistant, Magistrates' Court, 487 Duplex Avenue, telephone Mohawk 1526.

CITY REGISTRY OFFICE — Corner Albert and Chestnut Streets; telephone, Adelaide 7171.

Court and Judicial Officers — continued

Ian T. Strachan, K.C., Registrar; telephone, Adelaide 7171, Local 249. 12 Meredith Crescent; telephone, Midway 6891.

George E. Dodd, Deputy Registrar, telephone, Adelaide 7171, Local 245, 524 Kingston Road; telephone, Grover 5589.

Albert Brown, Deputy Registrar; telephone, Adelaide 7171, Local 255, 9 Athlone Drive, Kingsway; telephone, Murray 4401.

LAND TITLES OFFICE

Charles R. Deacon, K.C., Master of Titles for Ontario, telephone Adelaide 7171, Local 353; 60 Rosehill Avenue, telephone, Kingsdale 9177.

Samuel Mercer, Deputy Master of Titles for Toronto, telephone Adelaide 7171, Local 355; 43 MacIntosh Street, Scarboro Bluffs.

CORONERS' BUILDING—86 Lombard St., Office of Chief Coroner; telephone, Coroner, Adelaide 5670. Ambulance, Adelaide 5678.

Chief Coronor — Dr. Smirle Lawson, 189 St. George Street; telephone, Kingsdale 1200.

Edward Armour, Secretary, 75 Scarborough Road; telephone, Grover 7412.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION RETURNS

Result of Voting, January 1, 1949

FOR MAYOR

(Name in Bold Face declared Elected)

Hiram Emerson McCallum	**97,759**
Ross Dowson	23,645

FOR CONTROLLERS

(Names in Bold Face declared Elected)

John M. Innes	**63,588**
Leslie H. Saunders	**57,745**
David Arthur Balfour	**55,329**
Allan A. Lamport	**51,997**
Stewart Smith	43,337
Kenneth Bert McKellar	41,830
Leonard M. Reilly	26,817
Edward C. Roelofson	11,902
Harry Bradley	9,706

FOR ALDERMEN

(Names in Bold Face declared Elected)

Ward No. 1

Charles A. Walton	**8,516**
John McMechan	**7,659**
Harry Marley	3,402
Arnold Lorenz	2,735

Municipal Election Returns—continued

Ward No. 2

Joseph Louis Shannon	**6,305**
Everett Lane Weaver	**5,164**
May Birchard	4,177
Sylvester Perry	1,312

Ward No. 3

Harold F. Fishleigh	**3,865**
Howard A. Phillips	**2,954**
Edith Probert	1,436
John A. MacVicar	1,078
Frank Thomas Frier	724
Francis Clifford Burns	249
Samuel Hawthorne	218

Ward No. 4

Nathan Phillips	**5,967**
Norman Freed	**5,917**
Francis Henry Chambers	5,772
William James Gallaher	525

Ward No. 5

Charles Sims	**8,500**
Arthur Frost	**7,981**
Joseph M. Gould	7,714
Patrick J. McKeown	1,132

Municipal Election Returns—continued

Ward No. 6

George Peter Granell	**12,435**
W. Frank Clifton	**11,297**
Dewar Ferguson	5,904
Lester William Nelson	3,711
Eugene L. Dopp	1,697

Ward No. 7

Charles Rowntree	**5,459**
Alfred H. Cowling, Jr.	**3,347**
William Cedric Davidson	3,085
David Reynolds Sanderson	2,738
Earl Selkirk	2,387

Ward No. 8

Roy S. Mealing	**10,638**
William Henry Collings	**10,584**
William Probert	5,588
Maurice C. Punshon	5,182

Ward No. 9

Frank L. Nash	**9,089**
Roy E. Belyea	**7,645**
Melville William Wilson	7,380
William Mitchell	5,037
Harry Worrell Cooke	1,533
Frederick James Vacher	1,468
John Thomas Crook	714
Carl Mervin Lewis	561

BOARD OF EDUCATION ELECTIONS

Result of Voting January 1, 1949

(Names in Bold Face declared Elected)

Ward No. 1

William Eugene Murdoch (Acclamation).
Samuel Titchener Smith (Acclamation).

Ward No. 2

Edwin A. Hardy	**5,387**
Charles Massey Edwards	**3,822**
Gladys Louise Watson	1,882
Kay Morris	1,849
Edgar Locke Roxborough	1,709

Ward No. 3

G. Blair Laing (Acclamation).
Jessie Isabel Wighton Ross (Acclamation).

Ward No. 4

Herbert Orliffe	**5,508**
Samuel J. Walsh	**4,452**
Alfred W. Whiskin	2,672
William Russell Cameron	2,534
Margaret Walters McConnell	1,375

Ward No. 5

Harold Menzies (Acclamation).
Edna Blois Ryerson (Acclamation).

Board of Education Election Returns—continued

Ward No. 6

May Robinson	**12,633**
David McMaster Kerr	**11,843**
Stanley K. Thornley	4,667

Ward No. 7

W. Harold Male	**5,512**
Alfred John Skeans	**4,809**
Jennie B. Prosser	4,237

Ward No. 8

Alex. Hodgins	**7,014**
J. Ernest McMillin	**6,936**
Albert William Cane	6,904
Arthur B. Bennett	3,837
John H. Moon	3,584

Ward No. 9

Arthur J. Brown (Acclamation).

Charles R. Conquergood (Acclamation).

SUMMARIZED STATEMENT OF DEBENTURE DEBTS AND SINKING FUNDS, ETC
31st DECEMBER, 1948

Debt Classification	Gross Debt	Accumulated Sinking Fund, etc.	Net Debt
Education			
**General Administration	$ 407,000.00	$.....	$ 407,000.00
**Schools—Public	3,253,000.00	.....	3,253,000.00
** " —High	2,212,700.00	.....	2,212,700.00
** " —Commercial	870,300.00	.....	870,300.00
** " —Technical	932,000.00	464,808.27	467,191.73
	$ 7,675,000.00	$ 464,808.27	$ 7,210,191.73
General			
**City Buildings	$ 552,000.00	$.....	$ 552,000.00
**Civic Square	1,000,000.00	.....	1,000,000.00
Fire Protection	180,100.00	52,576.22	127,523.78
**Garbage Disposal	282,000.00	.....	282,000.00
**Highways (in City)	8,183,000.00	.....	8,183,000.00
**Highways (outside City)	221,000.00	.....	221,000.00
**Hospital—Building Grants	1,776,000.00	.....	1,776,000.00
**Hospitals—Municipal	112,000.00	.....	112,000.00
Industrial Farms	75,000.00	73,743.42	1,256.58
**Libraries—Public	243,000.00	.....	243,000.00
**Local Improvements—City's Share	2,020,103.46	.....	2,020,103.46
**Sewage System	6,782,701.40	.....	6,782,701.40
**Miscellaneous	859,000.00	.....	859,000.00
**Parks and Playgrounds	2,025,000.00	.....	2,025,000.00
Police Stations	153,000.00	68,028.38	84.971.62

SUMMARIZED STATEMENT OF DEBENTURE DEBTS AND SINKING FUNDS, ETC.
31st DECEMBER, 1948—continued

Debt Classification	Gross Debt	Accumulated Sinking Fund, etc.	Net Debt
Registry Office	$ 361,000.00	$ 354,718.44	$ 6,281.56
**Pension	4,850,000.00	.....	4,850,000.00
Additional Sinking Funds	.....	2,697.19	2,697.19*
Instalment Debt Redemption Funds	.....	153,000.00	153,000.00*
	$29,674,904.86	$ 704,763.65	$28,970,141.21
REVENUE-PRODUCING AND SPECIALLY RATED			
**Abattoir	$ 29,000.00	$.....	$ 29,000.00
**Airports—Municipal	609,000.00	.....	609,000.00
Exhibition Buildings	3,675,200.00	170,265.57	3,504,934.43
**Housing Authority of Toronto	2,000,000.00	.....	2,000,000.00
†Local Improvements—Ratepayer's Share**	1,402,978.37	.....	1,402,978.37
**Royal Agricultural Winter Fair Buildings	205,000.00	.....	205,000.00
††Toronto Hydro-Electric System	2,420,000.00	1,123,867.43	1,296,132.57
††Toronto Transportation Commission**	6,231,000.00	.....	6,231,000.00
Waterworks	10,986,298.60	.....	10,986,298.60
Additional Sinking Funds	.....	133,601.41	133,601.41*
Instalment Debt Redemption Funds	.....	284,398.51	284,398.51*
	$27,558,476.97	$ 1,712,132.92	$25,846,344.05
Additional Sinking Funds Undistributed	$.....	$ 677,583.37	$ 677,583.37*
Grand Total	$64,908,381.83	$ 3,559,288.21	$61,349,093.62

*Deduct. **Instalment Debentures only. †Met by Special Levies. ††Met by Direct Payment from respective Commissions.

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED REVENUE AND EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR 1949

(Inasmuch as the City Council had not adopted the annual budget prior to the Municipal Handbook going to press, the figures usually contained herein, were not available. All enquiries for information relative thereto may be directed to the Commissioner of Finance.)

ASSESSMENT, TAX RATE AND TAX LEVY 1949

(Due to the fact that the assessment for the current year has not been completed and the Council has not, as yet, fixed the rate of taxation, it was impossible to include in this issue, the figures usually contained herein under this heading and also with respect to the collection of taxes and the due date of instalments for the various Wards of the City.)

MAYOR'S DEPARTMENT

Hiram E. McCallum, Mayor

* * *

F. C. Hamilton, F.C.I.S., Executive Assistant

Room 207, City Hall

Telephone, Adelaide 7171

The Mayor, being the chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, his office assumes a very important place in the organization of the Civic Administration, and is under the direction of the Executive Assistant.

His Worship is the Head of the City Council, and Chairman of the Board of Control (the executive body of City Government), and as such is responsible for the direction and control of all Civic Departments in the Municipal Corporation. The importance of this position may be gauged by the magnitude of the City's annual revenues and expenditures, amounting to over $50,000,000 this year, which places Toronto as one of the largest governmental institutions in the country.

The functions of the Mayor's Department are varied and important, because of the peculiar position it occupies in the Civic organization. It exercises general supervision over all Civic Departments and, on the other hand, is the focal point of contact with the ratepayers and citi-

Mayor's Department—continued

zens generally. As the Chief Executive Office of the City, it is natural that many of them bring their problems, enquiries and requests for information and service to this source. The maintaining of public relations and keeping the public informed on matters of Civic policy and importance are definitely functions of this Department. One means of doing this is through the Mayor's weekly radio broadcasts, at 1.00 o'clock on Sunday afternoons, over Radio Station CJBC.

Negotiations are conducted through this Office with the Dominion and Provincial Governments, and contact maintained with the City's various Boards and Commissions. Many conferences are held during the course of the year, with the senior Governments, local Members of Parliament and the Legislative Assembly, as well as with Civic Boards and Commissions, and outside organizations and citizens.

Supervision and control of the various Civic Departments is quite an undertaking in such a large and complex organization, and is vested in the Mayor as the City's Chief Executive Officer. To relieve the Mayor of many of the duties in this respect, the Executive Assistant has authority, under appointment of Council, to maintain a measure of supervision over the De-

Mayor's Department—continued

partments, in order to ensure closer co-operation and collaboration, and to bring about improvement and uniformity in departmental operations. He has power to scrutinize the fyles and correspondence of the Departments, which are required to furnish him with copy of special communications, so that this Department may be kept fully informed on all matters of importance; and to call Department Heads, individually or collectively, into conference at any time to accomplish the foregoing objectives. He is authorized to act on behalf of the Mayor on any matters pertaining to Civic business, and is frequently called upon to arbitrate on points of difference between Department Heads and citizens generally.

The Mayor is, by virtue of his office, a member of a number of Boards and Commissions, and a considerable part of his time is taken up in attending meetings, with the result that the Executive Assistant must assume as many administrative duties as possible.

The Mayor's Department is one of the busiest offices in the City Hall. It deals with much correspondence daily, handles many hundreds of interviews and scores of conferences, in addition to the preparation of innumerable briefs, reports, addresses and messages of greeting.

Mayor's Department—continued

It has certain statutory duties with regard to considering and issuing hundreds of permits for raffles and draws under the Criminal Code, and is charged with issuance of Children's permits, under the Children's Protection Act.

The War Veterans' Information Office forms part of the organization of the Mayor's Department and comes under its direction and control. Explanation of the functions and activities of this office will be given elsewhere in this volume.

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY CLERK

Geo. A. Weale, City Clerk
Room 209, City Hall
Telephone, Adelaide 7171

Under the provisions of the Municipal Act, the Council is required to appoint a clerk, whose statutory duties, condensely recited are:

(a) Record all resolutions, decisions and other proceedings of the City Council.

(b) If required by any member present, to record the name and vote of every member voting on any matter or question.

(c) To keep the books, records and accounts of the City Council.

(d) To preserve and file all accounts acted upon by the City Council.

(e) To keep in his office or in the place appointed for that purpose, the originals of all by-laws and of the Minutes of the proceedings of the Council.

(f) To perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the City Council.

The secretarial duties of the Board of Control, all Standing and Special Committees of Council and of the Local Board of Health are carried out by the Department of the City Clerk.

Department of the City Clerk—continued

Other Statutory Duties

The City Clerk is:

Secretary of the Local Board of Health;

Clerk of the Court of Revision and the County Judge on Assessment Appeals;

Issuer of Marriage Licenses;

Division Registrar for the registration of births, marriages and deaths;

Required to prepare the Municipal Voters' List annually and acts as Secretary to His Honour the County Judge in the hearing of appeals respecting the errors or omissions therein.

Returning Officer for the whole of the City at Municipal Elections and is charged with the carrying out of all requirements of the Municipal Act respecting elections;

Required to examine petitions for and against local improvement works and to certify as to the sufficiency of the signatures thereon;

Responsible for the proper allocation of all official documents served upon him;

Pursuant to Order-in-Council of the Provincial Government, dated July 7, 1936, is responsible for certification as to indigency, of all

Department of the City Clerk—continued

resident persons within the municipality applying for the free issuance of Insulin;

In conjunction with the Mayor and Board of Assessors, is required to assist in the compilation of the Jury list for the Clerk of the Peace, containing the names of persons to serve as jurors during the current year;

Other Duties of the City Clerk

Prepares all formal civic addresses and letters of condolence;

Prepares public advertisements, proclamations and notices, and all similar matters for publication in the newspapers;

Arranges all civic functions, such as receptions or dinners to distinguished visitors, special public services or entertainments;

Prepares and edits the Toronto Municipal Handbook which contains a wealth of authoritative information respecting the City of Toronto and its various Commissions;

Performs all Departmental account work and also that of the City Council;

Prepares lists of property owners for the Legal Department in connection with notifications sent out respecting hearings of the Ontario Municipal Board;

Department of the City Clerk—continued

Examines and advises the Council on the status of all applications for the early closing of any class of retail shops.

The City Clerk's Department might be referred to as the clearing house for general civic business.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

All births and marriages must be registered at the Department of the City Clerk Branch Office, Room 150, first floor, City Hall, west side, within thirty days from the occurrence thereof.

Telephone Adelaide 7171, Local 18, for general information respecting Vital Statistics.

Officer-in-charge—F. A. Goodyear.
(After closing hours, in case of emergency only, telephone Lombard 8530.)

Physicians in attendance are required to send in notices of births; parents or occupants of dwellings where births occur are required to register same.

Deaths must be registered at the Department, or at any police station, before a permit to bury can be issued.

Physicians in attendance are required to certify as to deaths.

Births, Marriages and Deaths—continued

Neglect or failure to send in notices in either case renders parties liable to a fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs.

***Vital Statistics for Past Five Years**

Year	Births	Marriages	Deaths
1948	**19,446**	**10,925**	**8,520**
1947	21,150	10,269	8,726
1946	19,283	10,721	8,711
1945	15,416	8,290	8,443
1944	15,039	7,699	8,554

* Births and Deaths, include stillbirths.

Marriage License Branch

Marriage Licenses issued during office hours at Department of the City Clerk, Branch Office, Room 151, first floor, City Hall, West side.

Telephone Adelaide 7171, Local 17.

Unless a marriage is solemnized within three months from the date of issue of the Marriage License, the License lapses without any provision for an extension of time. No rebate or refund of the fee for a Marriage License is permissible in any circumstances.

A Birth Certificate or other evidence filed with an application for a Marriage License is not returnable.

Births, Marriages and Deaths—continued

When neither applicant has his or her usual place of abode in the Province of Ontario, the Assistant Provincial Secretary, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, must be communicated with respecting the necessary evidence required in such cases: or with respect to special authorization.

Compliance with certain regulations is required in the case of an applicant who is divorced and the divorce took place outside the Dominion of Canada; a copy of such regulations may be obtained from the Assistant Provincial Secretary, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT WORKS

When the owners of property on any street or lane desire a pavement, sidewalk, curbing, grading, sewer or water main, or when the property owners in any locality desire the opening, widening, extension or diversion of a street or lane, **application should be made to the Department of Works for a form of petition to the Council for the work or improvement.** The petition issued by the Department contains an estimate of the cost of the work and the estimated rate of assessment per foot frontage. When the petition has been signed by two-thirds in number of the owners* representing at least one-half in value of the lots liable to be specially assessed, the Council, with the approval of the Ontario Municipal Board, may proceed with the work and subsequently assess the cost against the lots abutting directly on the work.

If it is found, when the petition is presented, that the names of two-thirds in number of the property owners* representing at least one-half in value of the property have not been obtained, and if the Council nevertheless determines, on the recommendation of the Commissioner of Works, that the work is necessary and in the public interest, it may direct, with the approval of the Ontario Municipal Board, that the work be proceeded with unless a majority of the inter-

Local Improvement Works—continued

ested property owners*, representing at least one-half in value of the property to be assessed, petition against it within one month after the Council has given notice of its intention to proceed therewith. The foregoing procedure, which is called the "initiative" procedure, may also be followed on the recommendation of the Commissioner of Works, or on the joint recommendation of the Commissioner of Works and Assessment Commissioner, in the case of certain works, when there has been no petition for the improvement.

Under authority of section 8 of the Local Improvement Act, the Council, if it deems a work necessary in the public interest, may proceed therewith, with the approval of the Ontario Municipal Board, notwithstanding any petition to the Council opposed thereto. The vote of the Council to proceed with the work must be a two-thirds vote of the whole Council.

* In order to determine the sufficiency of any petition, a valid signature is:
In the case of property jointly held by two persons, both must sign; if held by more than two, a majority must sign.
In the case of an estate where there are two executors, both must sign; where there are more than two, the majority must sign.

COURT OF REVISION

James A. R. Mason, K.C., Commissioner

The Real Property Assessment Rolls are returned to the City Clerk, and the Court sits to hear appeals against the general assessment of the City, in accordance with the by-law therefor.

The Business Assessment Rolls are returned separately to the City Clerk (pursuant to Section 124 of the Assessment Act), and the Court sits to hear appeals against same, in a similar manner.

Appeals must be filed within ten days after the return of the Assessment Roll, as stated on the notice of assessment, and may be lodged with the Assessment Commissioner.

The Court also sits from time to time throughout the year, to hear appeals regarding local improvement works, and applications made pursuant to section 125 of the Assessment Act for an allowance of taxes on account of vacant premises, buildings razed by fire, or otherwise, and business tax adjustments.

The City Clerk is the Clerk of the Court.

POPULATION—AS RETURNED BY ASSESSORS

1834	**Act of Incorporation March 6, 1834.**	**9,254**
1934	**Centennial Year**	**629,285**

POPULATION—LAST TEN YEARS

1938	647,803
1939	649,123
1940	648,098
	(1941 Dominion Census 667,456)
1941	655,751
1942	669,130
1943	674,285
1944	676,887
1945	681,802
1946	696,555
1947	695,302
1948	Not available

POPULATION, 1948, BY WARDS

Not available.

POPULATION OF SUBURBAN MUNICIPALITIES NEAR TORONTO
1948

Municipality	**Population**
York Township	90,108
East York Township	53,552

Population—continued

North York Township	37,932
Scarborough Township	34,981
Etobicoke Township	30,769
Forest Hill	15,629
New Toronto	9,156
Leaside	13,586
Mimico	10,164
Swansea	7,360
Weston	7,219
Long Branch	6,677
Totals	317,133

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Gordon Park Jackson, M.B., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health

Room No. 312, Third Floor, City Hall

Telephone Adelaide 7171

The Department of Public Health, under the direction of the Medical Officer of Health, with a staff complement of 672, conducts a large scale programme of health services through its central administrative units and eight district health offices, each of the latter under the joint direction of a District Medical Officer and District Superintendent of Nurses. A completely co-ordinated programme of medical, dental and nursing services is regularly maintained in the primary and secondary schools of the City, both public and separate, while adequate facilities for physical examination, immunization procedures and health education are afforded the infant and pre-school population in 30 child health centres located throughout the City.

Departmental activities under full time Medical Directors, include School Health Services, Mental Hygiene, Venereal Disease Control, Tuberculosis Prevention, Quarantine and Communicable Disease Control and Laboratory Services. In connection with Tuberculosis Prevention work an organized plan of case finding by X-ray

Department of Public Health—continued

methods in conjunction with the Gage Institute affords free X-ray service to all citizens of the City. The aforementioned services and the equally important divisions of Public Health Nursing, Dental Services, Food and Milk Control, General Sanitation — comprising Plumbing-Drainage Inspection, Industrial Hygiene and Rodent Control—Ambulance Services, Statistical and Accounting Services; together with the management of the City-owned Riverdale Isolation Hospital and administrative control of the Water Purification Laboratories round out the organization of basic activities provided by Toronto in the interest of public health.

Toronto's advancement with regard to health services is reflected in the per capita expenditure of $2.30 for 1948 over that of $0.25 in 1910 during which period a quarter century more years of life per person on the average, or a 2½ times better chance of survival to 60 years of age is a recorded attainment. In retrospect, diphtheria deaths in 1910, 1911, and 1912 averaged 150 per year—in recent years not even a single case was reported in 1940 and again in 1948, while on five occasions no fatalities were recorded. Whooping cough claimed 74 lives in 1912—none in each of the past three years. Typhoid fever in 1911 claimed 81 deaths—none

Department of Public Health—continued

in 1948. Tuberculosis mortality dropped to a new all time low of 24 deaths per 100,000 in 1948 representing less than one-half the toll of even twenty years ago. Infant mortality has been halved in the last fifteen years and Toronto's maternal mortality loss was but one mother per 1,000 confinements during 1947 and 1948.

Complete statistics and summaries of Toronto's health activities are available to those interested in the form of regularly prepared monthly and annual statements, and in serving further the objective of an informed public on local and general matters of health import, the Department publishes its own Public Health Bulletin at quarterly intervals.

District Health Offices

Runnymede—357 Runnymede Road.....JU. 8959
Parkdale—53 Argyle Street .....ME. 5709
Hillcrest—760 Spadina Avenue .....KI. 4164
Yorkville—2398 Yonge Street .....HY. 7914
University—760 Spadina Avenue .....RA. 3116
Moss Park—18 Gifford Street .....MI. 8681
Riverdale—281 Broadview Avenue .....HA. 2185
East End—299 Main Street .....GR. 1144

Department of Public Health—continued

CIVIC AMBULANCES

Telephones, Adelaide 5678-5679

The Civic Ambulances Service, under the control of the Department of Public Health, is located at the Coroner's Buildings, 86 Lombard Street.

A limited service is provided covering emergency calls, such as accidents of all kinds, City Order hospital cases, and the transportation of all cases of communicable disease. Separate ambulances and staffs are provided for the respective services mentioned. All calls should be directed to the Coroner's Buildings where the attendant will allocate the call or advise the inquirer if service can not be given.

In case of accident, the patient, if of adult age and conscious, has the right to select the hospital or other destination within the City to which he desires to be taken. In the case of children or those in an unconscious condition the medical attendant, or if none present the police officer will undertake the direction of the ambulance. Failing either of these authorities, the ambulance crew will then take the responsibility for the removal of the injured person.

In cases where a person is found dead and a physician has not been in immediate attend-

Department of Public Health—continued

ance, the Chief Coroner's Office, 86 Lombard Street—telephone Adelaide 5670, should be notified without delay.

PUBLIC HOSPITALS

The Public Hospitals in the City are located as follows:

Toronto General Hospital—101 College Street.
St. Michael's Hospital—30 Bond Street.
Hospital for Sick Children—67 College Street.
Toronto Western Hospital—391 Bathurst Street.
St. Joseph's Hospital—1830 Queen Street West.
Women's College Hospital—76 Grenville Street.
Salvation Army Grace Hospital—133 Bloor Street East.
Toronto East General Hospital — Coxwell and Sammon Avenues, East York.
Mt. Sinai Hospital—100 Yorkville Avenue.
Wellesley Hospital—Homewood Place.
Lockwood Clinic Hospital—300 Bloor Street East.
Mothercraft Centre—49 Clarendon Avenue.

OTHER HOSPITALS AND INSTITUTIONS

Riverdale Isolation Hospital—Gerrard Street East and St. Matthews Road.
Toronto Hospital for Consumptives—Weston.
Queen Elizabeth Hospital for Incurables—130 Dunn Avenue.

Department of Public Health—continued

Our Lady of Mercy Hospital—100 Sunnyside Ave.

Runnymede Hospital—274 St. John's Road (for the chronically ill).

Home for Incurable Children—278 Bloor Street E.

Ontario Hospital for Insane—999 Queen St. W.

Psychiatric Hospital—Surrey Place.

Hillcrest Convalescent Hospital—47 Austin Terr.

St. John's Convalescent Hospital—Newtonbrook, Ontario.

Daughters of the Empire Hospital for Convalescent Children—54 Sheldrake Boulevard.

Christie Street Hospital—352-390 Christie Street.

Chorley Park Hospital—Douglas Drive.

Sunnybrook Military Hospital—Bayview Ave.

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS

Kenneth S. Gillies, M.R.A.I.C.
Commissioner of Buildings
Room No. 18, Ground Floor City Hall
Telephone, Adelaide 7171

The Department of Buildings has charge of the following:

1. The examination of Plans, and issuing of permits for all buildings.
2. The licensing of Passenger Elevators.
3. The licensing of Dry Cleaning, and Spotting and Stain Removing establishments.
4. The preparation of plans and specifications and the supervision of erection of Civic Buildings.
5. The inspection and supervision of all Signs, Canopies and Fire Escapes over Public Property.

During the past year 49 licenses were issued for the operation of Dry Cleaning Plants and 215 licenses were issued for Spotting and Stain Removing Establishments including Fur Cleaning Firms.

6,110 permits were issued in 1948, for buildings erected or altered at a cost of $32,292,837.00.

Licenses were granted for the operation of 1340 Passenger Elevators.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

Year	No. of Permits Issued	No. of Structures Erected	Value
1924	8,820	10,940	$23,926.028
1925	9,020	11,198	25,797,196
1926	8,473	9,923	26,029,584
1927	9,159	11,271	31,274,876
1928	9,208	11,302	51,607,188
1929	8,731	10,682	47,698,654
1930	7,812	9,925	30,095,589
1931	6,832	8,646	19,009,985
1932	4,969	5,686	6,919,550
1933	4,060	4,450	4,282,090
1934	4,656	5,283	7,378,772
1935	4,467	5,175	9,905,455
1936	4,635	5,501	8,114,799
1937	5,217	5,969	11,238,900
1938	4,875	5,645	8,494,340
1939	5,667	6,280	10,285,707
1940	5,146	5,935	10,592,743
1941	4,802	5,416	9,136,405
1942	3,434	3,656	7,660,940
1943	3,235	3,573	6,218,410
1944	3,388	3,665	7,714,193
1945	4,615	4,839	12,782,152
1946	11,242	12,936	22,232,626
1947	9,130	10,192	32,330,835
1948	6,110	6,823	32,292,837

REVENUE

Plan Examination	$ 78,670.25
Water Fees for building operations	3,898.41
Surveys	1,563.00
Elevator License Fees	6,715.00
Elevator and material hoist permits	264.00
Dry Cleaning Plant Licenses	1,225.00
Spotting and Stain-Removing Licenses	2,110.00
Inspection of Signs over Streets	33,967.72
Sign Bonds	332.00
Encroaching Fire Escapes	3,850.00
Banner Signs over Streets	20.00
Encroaching Canopies	10,605.30
Dominion Government	62.00
Total	$143,282.68

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION

Walter J. Love, Commissioner of Parks and Recreation

Room 15, Ground Floor, City Hall

Telephone, Adelaide 7171

PARKS AND PLAYGROUNDS

The Park System of Toronto comprises 2,330.243 acres of land and water (2,171.113 land, 159.13 water).

There are 123 large and small park and playground areas in the system. In the summer season 55 children's playgrounds are operated within the system in addition to which 70 further playgrounds are operated upon school grounds. During the winter season 68 recreation centres are operated by the Department of Parks and Recreation, of which 57 are operated in school buildings. The registered attendance of children attending these playgrounds in 1948 was approximately 62,938.

Thirty-seven community centres, also, are now in operation of which 32 are in school buildings, with a registered attendance in 1948 of 31,346 persons.

In addition to the foregoing, swimming classes are conducted at 10 swimming pools located

Parks and Playgrounds—continued

in school buildings with a registered attendance of 5,508.

The following is a summary of the recreation facilities provided in the Park System:

Equipped playgrounds (including 19 wading pools)	129
Baseball fields	69
Cricket fields	10
Football fields	41
Lacrosse courts	2
Horseshoe pitches (36 courts)	4
Tennis courts	205
Bowling greens	36
Skating rinks (including 23 miniature)	118
Hockey rinks	90
Bathing stations	7
Boating stations	3
Fieldhouses	52
Running tracks	2
Toboggan slides	6
Ski school	1
Ski trail	1
Picnic areas (accommodation for over 100 persons each)	96

Parks and Playgrounds—continued

The trees upon the streets of the City, as well as those in the parks, are under the care of the Department of Parks and Recreation. During the past year 4,634 trees upon the streets were removed, including those removed for various street widenings, and 19,068 were pruned.

The Exhibition Buildings and Grounds, in which the Canadian National Exhibition is held, are maintained by the City through the Department of Parks and Recreation.

POLICE DEPARTMENT

John Chisholm, Chief Constable
Police Headquarters - Stewart Building
149 College St.
Telephone, Adelaide 2121

The strength of the Police Department as of December 31st, 1948, was 1,214, made up as follows: Members of the Force 1,079; 1 Chief Constable; 1 Deputy Chief Constable; 1 Chief Inspector; 1 Inspector of Detectives; 21 Inspectors; 9 Sergeants of Detectives; 1 Chief Identification Officer; 43 Sergeants; 35 Detective Sergeants; 68 Patrol Sergeants; 21 Detectives; 18 Acting Detectives; 844 Police Constables; 5 Attached Constables; 4 Policewomen; 3 Police Matrons; 3 Constable Cadets; Attached Civilian Services 135.

Police Statistics for 1948

Number apprehended or summoned:

Criminal and General	28,635
Traffic	263,045
Total	291,680
Accidental Deaths	67
Number of Inquests	79
Number of Lost Children	523
Number of Licenses Issued	88,709
Revenue Therefrom	$315,267.94

Police Department—continued

Location of Stations

Police Headquarters, Stewart Building, 149 College Street. Telephone, Adelaide 2121.

No. 1 Station—8 Court Street.

No. 2 Station—75 - 85 Dundas Street West, south side, near Bay Street.

No. 3 Station—31 Claremont Street, near Queen Street.

No. 4 Station—466 Dundas Street East, near Parliament Street.

No. 5 Station—135 Davenport Road at New Street.

No. 6 Station—1313 Queen Street at Cowan Avenue.

No. 7 Station—756 Ossington Avenue, north of Bloor Street.

No. 8 Station—126 Pape Avenue, north of Queen Street.

No. 9 Station—354 Keele Street, south of Dundas Street.

No. 10 Station—97 Main Street at Swanwick Avenue.

No. 11 Station—674 Markham St. at London Street.

No. 12 Station—2398 Yonge Street at Montgomery Avenue.

Central Police Garage, Ordnance Street and Strachan Avenue.

Police Department—continued

All accidents occurring on the public streets should be reported promptly to the Police Department.

Police Telephone, 20 trunk lines, general No. Adelaide 2121, from which connection is made with all stations.

Department maintains a Radio service at Police Headquarters.

TAXICAB TARIFF

Extracts from By-law No. 214 of the Board of Commissioners of Police for the City of Toronto

SCHEDULE "A"

By Distance

One to Four Passengers:

For the first half mile or part thereof	$ .40
For each additional half-mile or part thereof	.10
For waiting time while under engagement, for each two minutes	.10
For each additional passenger in excess of four	.20
Baggage, for each trunk	.20

Hand Baggage free if carried inside vehicle.

By the Hour

	Fixed Rate
For the first hour or any part thereof	$ 3.00
For each additional 15 minutes	.75
For each passenger in excess of four, per hour	.75
Baggage, for each trunk	.20

Hand Baggage free if carried inside vehicle.

Children

Children in charge of an adult: Under the age of eight years, free; over eight years and under twelve years of age, half fare; over twelve years of age, full fare.

Taxicab Tariff—continued

Sightseeing Coach or Omnibus

	Not less than	Not more than
For each passenger, per hour	$ .50	$ 1.00

Ambulance

For any journey within the City 7.00

Funeral Hearse

Funeral Hearse 10.00

Hotel Omnibus

For each passenger ..... .25

Driveself Cab

5-passenger cars, including gas and oil, per mile ..... .20

7-passenger cars, including gas and oil, per mile ..... .25

Upon an hourly basis — 60c for each hour and in addition 8c for each mile.

Upon a daily basis—$4.00 for each day and in addition 8c for each mile.

Upon a weekly basis—$20.00 for each week of seven days and in addition 8c for each mile.

NOTE—For rates to be charged for moving household goods and office furniture, and other rates, see By-law No. 204 of the Board of Commissions of Police; copy of which may be obtained from the License Office, City Hall.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Peter Herd, Chief of Department

Headquarters:
Adelaide Street and University Avenue
Telephone, Adelaide 3579

To report a fire, Telephone, Adelaide 2133

The strength of the Toronto Fire Department is eight hundred and ninety, all ranks, made up of: 1 Chief, 2 Deputy Chiefs, 24 District Chiefs, 152 Captains, 703 Firefighters, 1 Executive Assistant to the Fire Chief, 6 Clerks, and 1 Department Physician.

The Department is organized on the 2-platoon 56-hour week system and the two shifts change over every Sunday, one shift working twenty-four hours. The day shift works 10 hours; the night shift 14 hours.

First line fire apparatus distributed throughout the City in 28 firehalls, consists of: 23 Pumpers; 6 Hose Wagons; 2 High Pressure Units; 9 Aerial Ladder Trucks; 8 Ladder Trucks; 1 Squad Car and 1 Fire Boat.

LOCATION OF FIREHALLS

No. 1—Headquarters, Adelaide St. and University Ave. Telephone: Adelaide 3579.

2—Portland Street, corner of Richmond Street.

Fire Department—continued

No. 3—10-12 Grosvenor Street.
4—Berkeley Street, corner Duke Street.
5—110 Lombard Street.
7—470 Dundas Street East
8—College Street, corner of Bellevue Avenue.
9—16 Ossington Avenue.
10—34 Yorkville Avenue.
11—Rose Avenue, corner Howard Street.
12—Gerrard Street at Carlaw Avenue.
13—1917 Dundas Street West
14—754 Ossington Avenue.
15—Cowan Avenue, corner Queen Street.
17—1904 Queen Street East, corner Herbert Avenue.
19—386 Perth Avenue.
20—358 Keele Street.
22—87 Main Street.
23—234 Howland Avenue.
24—Balmoral Avenue at Yonge Street.
25—61 Hendricks Avenue.
26—550 Greenwood Avenue.
27—106 Ascot Avenue.
28—16 Montgomery Avenue.

Fire Department—continued

No. 30—Ashbridge's Bay—Commissioners Street.

31—Runnymede Road, corner MacGregor Avenue.

33—Manitou Road—Centre Island.

34—Wanless Avenue, corner Yonge Street.

No. 32—Exhibition Park is opened only during the Canadian National Exhibition, Canadian International Trade Fair and the Royal Agricultural Winter Fair.

Statistics Respecting Fires in 1948

Total alarms of fire	6,131
Number of Building fires	3,662
Number of Automobile fires	608
Inspections by Fire Prevention Bureau	26,709
Suspicious fires investigated	141
Number of citizens died from result of fire	8
Citizens rescued	109
First Aid rendered	89
Number of times inhalators used on civilians	214
Firemen injured	79

DEPARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING AND SURVEYING

Tracy D. leMay, O.L.S., Commissioner

Room 333, Third Floor, City Hall

Telephone, Adelaide 7171

The Department of City Planning and Surveying provides a valuable combination of the interlocking services of Planning, Surveying and Traffic Engineering. This combination under the one administrative head permits ready co-ordination where necessary and results in a high rate of efficiency in the transaction of the City's business.

The head of the Department is the Planning Director of both the City and the Toronto and York Planning Boards.

The Surveying Division of the Department is responsible for the definition of land boundaries and the preparation of legal descriptions for the purposes of the Administration and all other departments of the Civic Service.

The Traffic Engineering Division, which is represented on the Traffic Conference, is con-

Department of City Planning and Surveying
—continued

cerned with all matters relating to the regulation of traffic. A constant study and analysis of accidents is maintained. This information and data relative to traffic congestion and delays is invaluable for the purpose of designing remedial measures, and, in addition, is essential to the work of the City Planning Board.

The duties of this Division were broadened out on July 1st, 1948, to include all engineering activities in connection with traffic including the installation, operation and maintenance of automatic traffic signals, the erection and maintenance of traffic parking signs, the painting of traffic lines on City roadways, the erection and maintenance of street-name signs and the installation of modern street lighting throughout the City.

Considerable progress was made in the street lighting programme up to the time when the power shortage rendered a curtailment of activities necessary. About 100 miles of new lighting have been installed out of a total of 576. This

Department of City Planning and Surveying
—continued

work is expected to proceed, when the power situation is favourable, until the whole programme is completed. There are over 40,000 street lights included in the public lighting programme.

After test installations, Council has selected a new enamelled street-name sign bearing raised black letters on a white background. Each sign will also bear the street number of the nearest building. A contract has been let for the supply of these signs on a City-wide basis and it is expected that their erection will be completed during 1949. About 15,000 signs will be required.

TORONTO CITY PLANNING BOARD

Tracy D. le May, O.L.S., Planning Director and Secretary-Treasurer
Room 333, Third Floor, City Hall
Telephone, Adelaide 7171

The Toronto City Planning Board is a corporate body appointed by the City Council in September, 1946, in accordance with the provisions of the Planning Act, 1946. Members hold office for 3 years, one-third retiring each year.

Members:

J. P. Maher (Chairman)
E. W. Bickle
R. A. Stapells
C. J. Woolsey
Mrs. H. L. Luffman
W. S. Gibson
H. E. McCallum (Mayor)
Vice-Chairman and member ex-officio.
Con. Leslie Saunders (alternate for the Mayor).

Planning Director and Secretary-Treasurer:

Tracy D. leMay, O.L.S., Room 333, City Hall.

The Board has issued two reports, dated December, 1946, and December, 1947, respectively. It is proceeding with the preparation of an official plan as required by The Planning Act, including comprehensive zoning or land use regulations for the whole city.

THE TORONTO AND YORK PLANNING BOARD

Tracy D. leMay, O.L.S., Planning Director and Secretary

Room 333, Third Floor, City Hall

Telephone, Adelaide 7171

The Toronto and York Planning Board is a body corporate of 9 members of whom 5 are appointed by the City and four by the County. Its jurisdiction as defined by the Minister of Planning and Development covers the City of Toronto and the County of York.

This Board supersedes the Toronto and Suburban Planning Board appointed by Council in September, 1946.

The duties of the Board as defined by the Minister of Planning and Development are to prepare an Official Plan of which the general scope and purpose shall include:

(a) Land uses and consideration generally of industrial, agricultural, residential and commercial areas.
(b) Ways of Communication.
(c) Sanitation.
(d) Green Belts and Park Areas.
(e) Public Transportation.

Members of the Board hold office for three years, one-third retiring each year.

The Toronto and York Planning Board
—continued

Members:

F. G. Gardiner, K.C. (Chairman)
J. P. Maher (Vice-Chairman)
E. W. Bickle
R. A. Stapells
C. J. Woolsey
J. L. Strath
C. H. Hooper
H. E. McCallum
F. W. Kemp

Officers:

W. W. Gardhouse, Treasurer
Tracy D. leMay, Planning Director and Secretary.

In order that a close contact may be maintained with all the municipalities comprised in the Planning Area, the County Council appoints each year an Advisory Planning Committee consisting of one representative of the Council of each Suburban Municipality. The Board is required to consult the Committee on all matters of general policy affecting the Planning Area.

DEPARTMENT OF PROPERTY

Graham D. Bland, Commissioner of Property

Room 14, Ground Floor, City Hall

Telephone, Adelaide 7171

Maintenance of Public Buildings

The Department is responsible for the maintenance and operation of such public buildings as the City Hall, Registry Office, Stewart Building and others; all improved buildings rented by the City, such as dwellings, apartments, stores, warehouses, garages, etc. The Department carries out the maintenance work of most City buildings, including Fire Halls, Police Stations and Hospital buildings.

Other duties imposed on the Department are City Hall Switchboard Service, maintenance of Toronto Jail including supplies and other matters except its custodial care which is the responsibility of the Provincial Government; the supervision over St. Lawrence Market, City Garage, weed-cutting services, Bath Houses, public-Weigh Scales, public conveniences, Tower Clocks, Coal By-law relative to weights and measures, Smoke Abatement Bureau, Fence By-law, Workmen's Compensation for all Civic Departments, Laundry Licenses and Residential By-laws, etc.

Department of Property—continued

Residential and Re-Zoning By-laws

The Department reports on all applications made to the Committee on Property for the amendment of residential or restrictive by-laws; in almost every case, a poll of the district is taken to ascertain the opinion of the interested property owners in the area adjacent to the location in question, regarding each proposal.

Housing Facilities

A large part of the facilities and organization of the Department has been allocated during the postwar period to conversion of buildings and provision of Emergency Housing premises. The Department manages some 1500 Emergency Housing Units that have been provided by the City for the shelter of families.

Smoke Abatement

A great deal of attention is given by the Department to the problem of Smoke Abatement and Smoke Control, in the City. There are over 3,000 industrial and commercial plants in Toronto, over which inspection is maintained regarding smoke emission.

A new Smoke By-law has been drafted with a view to dealing more adequately with this subject; undoubtedly, a long stride forward will ensue along lines of smoke abatement, when such By-law is passed by Council.

DEPARTMENT OF STREET CLEANING

Harold D. Bradley, Street Commissioner

Administrative Office:
Ground Floor, West Corridor
City Registry Office Building

90 Albert Street

Telephone, Elgin 6143

The General service performed by the Department of Street Cleaning includes the cleaning of public thoroughfares, collection and disposal of ashes and household waste material, the cleaning of catch basins, the oiling of unimproved roadways, the removal of snow and the placement of abrasives on highways.

For general administration purposes, the area of the City is divided into three divisions, each controlled by a Divisional Superintendent. These divisions are sub-divided into foremen's districts. There are twenty-four refuse collection districts and ten street cleaning districts. Collecions are effected twice weekly. Two hundred trucks are employed daily in the refuse collection service. The Department removes 600,000 tons of ashes and garbage from 135,000 buildings and dwellings annually, and 125,000 cubic yards of street litter from 577 miles of public thoroughfares.

Department of Street Cleaning—continued

All garbage and combustible waste collected within the City of Toronto is destroyed by incineration. The Department operates three modern high temperature incinerators and destroys 175,000 tons of combustible waste annually.

The Department expended $3,561,000.00 on the various services during 1948.

There are 577 miles of streets in the City of Toronto, 553 of which are paved or improved roadways. These streets receive regular street flushing and street sweeping services through the summer season. The Department operates 10 street flushers and 15 mechanical sweepers. The main car lines and bus routes are swept and washed each night. Residential areas are swept and washed every fifth day.

There are 24,000 sewer inlet basins located at the curb on the streets of the City. These basins are cleaned regularly by 6 auto-eductors.

For winter services the Department operates 62 snow plows which are attached to ash and garbage trucks. The 10 street flushers are equipped with plows at the front end and underbody scrapers for the removal of ice and compacted snow.

For winter service work the City is laid out in zones. Following plowing operations 10 auto-

Department of Street Cleaning—continued

matic snow loaders of the blower type are used for the removal of the snow. 36 mechanical spreaders are used for the distribution of abrasives on public thoroughfares.

The Department has made commendable progress under the postwar and conversion plan to modernize street cleaning and refuse collection methods. 114 automatic loading trucks have been acquired to replace antiquated and worn out open type vehicles in the refuse collection service. 10 street flushers and 15 mechanical sweepers have recently been acquired for the street cleaning service.

By the adoption of improved mechanical equipment the Department can produce definite results and meet public demand for increased services.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE

H. S. Rupert, Commissioner of Public Welfare

Administrative offices of the Department of Public Welfare are located in the Dominion Building, 465 Bay Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

DISTRICT OFFICES

Applications for assistance are received, investigated, and aid issued under supervision of three District Welfare Officers from offices conveniently located to serve the divisions into which the City is divided for all welfare purposes. A Welfare Services Supervisor and staff are also on duty in each District Office. These offices are located as follows:

West District, Bathurst St. to West City Limits, 310 Dupont Street. Telephone ME. 4657.

Central District, Bathurst St. to Don River, 465 Bay Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

East District, Don River to East City Limits, 1298 Gerrard St. East. Telephone HA. 1161.

DEPARTMENTAL DIVISIONS AND SERVICES

Division of Welfare Services, 465 Bay Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

Division of Hospitalization, 149 College Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

Old Age Pensions Section, 149 College Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

Department of Public Welfare—continued

Mothers' Allowances Section, 149 College Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

Accounting Division, 465 Bay Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

Single Men's Section, 75 Church St. Telephone WA. 1081.

Housing Section, 465 Bay Street. Telephone WA. 1081.

UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF

To those eligible, unemployment relief is issued on an emergency basis or, after investigation, regularly each half month. Provision is made for food, fuel, shelter, clothing and medical services, expenditure for all of which, on an authorized basis, is subject to Government rebate at prevailing rates.

OLD AGE PENSIONS, MOTHERS' ALLOWANCES AND BLIND PENSIONS

Applications may be made at 149 College St. Telephone WA. 1081.

DAY NURSERIES AND DAY CARE CENTRES

As provided in the Day Nurseries Act (Statutes of Ontario, 1946, C. 17), the Civic Administration on July 1st, 1946, assumed responsibility for the continuance and operation of the 13 former Wartime Day Nurseries located

Day Nurseries and Day Care Centres—continued

within the municipality for the care of pre-school children (ages 2 to 5 years) of working mothers, with the Provincial Government participating financially up to one half the cost of the operational expenditure. These Day Nurseries are located as follows:

Unit Number	Location	Capacity
1	95 Bellevue Avenue	45
6	709 College Street	40
9	20 Claremont Street	30
10	125 Rose Avenue	35
11	2054 Davenport Road	65
14	62 Kimberley Street	65
15	510 Jones Avenue	60
18	1282 College Street	40
20	125 Bathurst Street	35
21	353 Parliament Street	60
22	15 Grange Road	45
25	7 Berryman Street	75
27	292 Davisville Avenue	35

Day Care Centres were initiated in Toronto under the sponsorship of the Federal and Provincial Governments. The service was provided to enable women with children of Public School age to accept work in essential war industry. In June, 1946, this service was discontinued

Day Nurseries and Day Care Centres—continued

following the cessation of the war emergency period. The Civic Administration in response to public demand assumed responsibility for the re-establishment of this service. In August, 1946, six Day Care Centres were re-opened to provide nutritious noon meals and supervision "before and after" school for public school children of working mothers. In September, two feeding centres were opened to provide nutritious noon meals for public school children who are resident in public housing units operated by the City of Toronto. These Day Care and Feeding Centres are located as follows:

Unit Number	Location	Capacity
50	1369 Queen Street East	100
51	Winchester and Metcalfe Streets	120
52	7 Berryman Street	105
53	15 Grange Road	61
54	Adelaide and Bathurst Streets	90
55	Halton and Givins Sts	130
56	124 Lisgar Street	70
57	965 Queen Street West	165

DEPARTMENT OF WORKS

Murray A. Stewart, Commissioner of Works and City Engineer

Room 10, Ground Floor, City Hall

Telephone, Adelaide 7171

The principal Operating Divisions of the Department of Works are Roadways, Sewers, Railways and Bridges and Water Works.

Statistics as of December 31, 1948

Area of City, not including portion of land covered by water, is about 35 square miles.

Altitude of City above mean sea-level	
New York City	268 ft.
Mean level of Lake Ontario	246 ft.
Altitude of City above mean lake-level at Toronto	22 ft.

MILEAGE OF STREETS, ETC.:

Streets	576.8
Paved Roadways (95.9%)	553.4
Unimproved Roadways	23.4
Lanes, approximately	157.0
Paved Lanes	51.0
Unimproved Lanes	106.0
Sidewalks	924.5
Bridges (51)	3.9
Gas Mains	738.5

Department of Works—continued

Toronto Transportation Commission Street Railway Single Track on City Streets	193.2

SEWERS AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL:

Mileage of Sewers, Sanitary	709.4
Storm	74.9
	Imperial Gallons
Main Sewage Disposal Works— Daily Average Flow, 1948	73,999,000
North Toronto Sewage Treatment Works— Daily Average Flow, 1948	8,493,000
Total Average Flow, 1948	82,492,000

WATER WORKS:

Mileage of Water Mains—	
Domestic	736.35
High Pressure Fire System	17.51
Hydrants—	
Domestic Pressure Fire	8,227
High Pressure Fire	279
Water Main Stop Valves	10,247
Water Main Check Valves	320
	Imperial Gallons
Water consumed in City and Supplied to Adjoining Municipalities, 1948	35,534,410,000

Department of Works—continued

	Imperial Gallons
Water consumed in City, 1948...	32,173,340,000
Average Daily Consumption per Capita in City (based upon 1947 population of 695,302) 1948	126

WATER RATES

Rates charged on a flat-rate basis are payable semi-annually.

The City is divided into five districts one of which is payable in each of the months January through May, and again in July through November.

Scale of General Water Rates

Schedule A

Dwelling houses: 65 cents per room per annum.

Rooming houses: $1.15 per room per annum.

Schedule B

Factories, office buildings, stores, garages, warehouses, and similar places of business: $2.00 for each flat per annum.

Private hospitals, rest homes, schools, fraternity houses, clubs, hotels, and similar places: $1.15 per room per annum.

The following rates per annum are in addition to the above-mentioned rates:

Water Rates—continued

	Schedule A	Schedule B
Basins:		
Each	$ 1.25	$ 2.50
Baths:		
Each	1.25	2.50
Shower Baths:		
Not attached to bath-tub, each	1.25	2.50
Sinks:		
Each	1.25	2.50
Urinals:		
Self-acting, each	1.50	3.00
Not self-acting, each	6.25	12.50
Water Closets:		
Self-acting, each	2.00	4.00
Not self-acting, each	6.50	13.00
Laundry Tubs:		
For pair of tubs (in one fixture)	1.25	2.50
For single or additional tub, each	.75	1.25

Schedule C provides rates in addition to the foregoing in respect of a variety of fixtures.

There is a minimum charge of $2.00 per annum.

Meter Rates

Meter rates are payable quarterly in the months of January, April, July and October.

Water Rates—continued

The charge for water supplied on meter measurement is 15¾ cents per 1,000 gallons with a reduction to 14½ cents per 1,000 gallons for consumption in excess of 50,000,000 gallons in each quarter year, with a further reduction to 13¾ cents for consumption in excess of 75,000,000 gallons.

There is a minimum charge of $2.50 per quarter year.

Discount

A discount of 10% is allowed when payment is received within the prescribed period, and applies to all accounts except those for water supplied to the Island, or for water used without permission.

No charge is made for the use of a garden hose or lawn sprinkler where rates are paid on the flat-rate basis, but there are restricted hours for use according to area.

Water Rates at Toronto Island

Water supplied other than by meter is charged at the same rates as are in force in the City except that the minimum charge for each half-year period shall be $5.00, and shall become due in each year on the first day of May for the half-year period ending on the thirty-first day of the following October, and on the first day of November for the half-year period ending

Water Rates—continued

on the thirtieth day of the following April.

Information

Full information may be obtained regarding water rates at Room 103, Main Floor; and for metered accounts, Room 101, Main Floor, City Hall. Telephone Adelaide 7171, Local 132.

Water Rates at Toronto Island

Water supplied other than by meter is charged at the same rates as are in force in the City except that the minimum charge for each half-year period shall be $5.00, and shall become due in each year on the first day of May for the half-year period ending on the thirty-first day of the following October, and on the first day of November for the half-year period ending on the thirtieth day of the following April.

Information

Full information may be obtained regarding water rates at Room 103, Main Floor; and for metered accounts, Room 101, Main Floor, City Hall. Telephone Adelaide 7171, Local 132.

Winter Season

Winter season is taken care of by the introduction of the Nov. 1st to April 30th next, period in the present By-law which has application only when water is supplied directly to the premises.

LICENSES

Licenses required under the By-laws enacted

by the City Council and by the Board of Commissioners of Police, with the under-noted exceptions, are issued by the Treasury Department, City Hall. For information as to the procedure to be followed, and for application forms, and schedule of fees, apply at Room 105-A, City Hall.

The Department of Buildings, Room 18, City Hall, receives applications and fees required for Elevator and Dry Cleaning Licenses, and for licenses relating to the operation of Cleaning & Pressing establishments.

LICENSE FEES

Some licenses are issued under authority of City Council while others are issued under authority of the Board of Commissioners of **Police.**

All licenses expire on December 31st, except the following:

License	Expiry Date
Bicycle	May 31st
Bicycle or Tricycle Livery	Mar. 31st
Coal or Coke Dealer	Apr. 30th
Journeyman Electrician	Apr. 30th
Master Electrician	Apr. 30th
Ferry-boats	Apr. 30th
Old Gold	May 31st

License Fees—continued

Second Hand Shop	May 31st
Second Hand Junk Yard	
Second Hand Dealer	
Second Hand Books	May 31st
Salvage Collector	May 31st
Lodging House	Sept. 30th

Any information concerning Licenses may be obtained from the License Office, Room 105-A, City Hall.

DIRECTOR OF PERSONNEL

George T. Bell, Director of Personnel

The Office of the Director of Personnel is located in the City Hall, Room 320.

Telephone, Adelaide 7171

The Director of Personnel is charged with the following duties pursuant to Personnel By-law No. 16337:

The establishment of a Central Civic Employment Registry Agency and the maintenance of a nominal roll of all civic employees, setting out full particulars pertaining to such employees, other than the Heads and Deputy Heads of Departments.

Formulation of rules and regulations for examining, selecting, engaging, laying-off, promoting or otherwise dealing with personnel and the administration of such rules and regulations uniformly in all departments to which they are applicable.

Receiving applications for employment from the general public and the referral of selected applicants for interview to departments which have requisitions for staff appointments on file with the Director.

Investigating and reporting to the Advisory Personnel Committee on all recommendations submitted to the Committee.

Director of Personnel—continued

Conferring with the bargaining agents of Civic Employees' Unions, or with the employees themselves regarding grievances.

Arranging, where practicable, the transfer of employees about to be laid off in one department to other departments where employment is or may be available.

On May 12, 1947, the Merit System was adopted by City Council providing for the establishment of eligible lists by examination of original entrants into the Civic Service and promotions within the Civic Service. Since that time 46 examinations have been held and 81 employees promoted as a result of these examinations. In addition eligible lists have been set up from applications received on Calls and 335 promotions have resulted from such eligible lists.

At present Original Entrance Examinations are confined to the clerical field but as circumstances permit these examinations will be broadened to include a wide range of positions.

The Advisory Personnel Committee is composed of three representatives nominated by the Heads of Departments, one member of the Board of Control and three representatives nominated by the employees and is appointed annually. All reports and recommendations by

Director of Personnel—continued

the Director of Personnel are submitted to the Committee for consideration. Decisions of the Committee are transmitted to the Director, who then submits same to the Board of Control together with his comments thereon. During 1948, 1147 recommendations were prepared and submitted to the Advisory Personnel Committee and the Administration for approval.

Employment Statistics

	1946	1947	1948
Applications for employment	7,646	6,912	8,937
Referrals to Departments	3,008	3,333	4,369
Placements (Permanent and Temporary)	2,759	2,598	3,671

Separations from Employment:

	1946	1947	1948
Retirements	150	207	124
Deceased	58	49	57
General	1,979	2,391	3,407
	2,187	2,647	3,588

VETERANS' INFORMATION OFFICE

Room 351, 3rd Floor, North Corridor, City Hall
Telephone, Adelaide 7171, Local 26

The Veterans' Information Officer was appointed by the Board of Control and the office opened May 1, 1945, under the direction of the Mayor's Department.

With over an estimated 80,000 enlistment from the City of Toronto, it has been found necessary to have an office in the City Hall where citizens who have a problem which has developed through service in the Armed Forces can apply for advice and direction, so that their case can be investigated by the Government Department or other agency which is available to give assistance in that particular type of case.

There are few problems which cannot be solved if only the right agency is located. The Veterans' Information Office has knowledge of the many government departments and agencies set up to care for the needs of citizens and when the need is made known, arrangements can be made so that the individual may go direct to the office, where advice or assistance can be given.

Veterans' Information Officer:
Lt.-Col. W. J. Finney, O.B.E.
Residence telephone, Mohawk 7126

TORONTO MUNICIPAL ABATTOIR

Earl E. Hunt, Commissioner

This service was inaugurated August 4th, 1914, as a public slaughtering establishment with cold storage (high and low temperature) accommodation. It is essentially, to the greatest extent, a public health institution, and while the fact of its existence may perhaps at times have had a tendency to regulate the price of meats, the purpose of its establishment was to concentrate the slaughtering of food animals within the City, so that the evils attendant upon the operation of small slaughter houses might be eliminated.

Slaughter House Records, 1948

	Number Slaughtered
Cattle	32,382
Calves	19,799
Sheep and Lambs	8,452
Hogs	34,865
Total	95,398

Office and Works

Foot of Tecumseth St., Toronto 2B.
Telephone, Waverley 9214.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

The Board of Education consists of eighteen elected members (two elected from each of the nine wards into which the City is divided), and two members appointed by the Toronto and Suburban Separate School Board, to represent Separate School Supporters in certain matters.

The membership by wards at present is as follows:

Ward 1

W. E. Murdoch, B.A., 26 Butternut St.

S. Titchener-Smith, 646 Broadview Ave.

Ward 2

Charles M. Edwards, 44 Whitehall Road.

E. A. Hardy, O.B.E., D.Paed., 124 Duplex Avenue.

Ward 3

G. Blair Laing, B.A., 60 Bloor Street East.

Mrs. J. Isabel Ross, 50 Glencairn Avenue.

Ward 4

S. J. Walsh, 8; 274 College St.

Herbert Orliffe, B.A. 414; 62 Richmond Street W.

Ward 5

Mrs. Edna Ryerson, 520 Palmerston Blvd.

Harold Menzies, 869 Bloor Street West.

Board of Education—continued

Ward 6

Mrs. Geo. E. Robinson, 13 Rosemount Avenue.
Rev. D. McMaster Kerr, 390 Perth Avenue.

Ward 7

W. Harold Male, K.C., B.A., 601; 85 Richmond Street West.
A. J. Skeans, 2901 Dundas Street West.

Ward 8

Alex. Hodgins, 5 Firstbrook Rd.
J. Ernest McMillan, 2198 Gerrard Street East.

Ward 9

Arthur J. Brown, 749 Yonge Street.
C. R. Conquergood, 15 Duncan Street.

Representatives of Separate School Supporters—
R. F. Fitzpatrick Fred Walsh

Officers of the Board

A. J. Skeans, Chairman.
C. H. R. Fuller, B.A.Sc., Business Administrator and Secretary-Treasurer.
C. C. Goldring, M.A., D.Paed., Director of Education.
D. Hillis Osborne, K.C., B.A., Solicitor.

Offices of the Board

Administration Building, 155 College Street
Telephone, Weverley 7661

SCHOOL STATISTICS, 1948

Number of Teachers on Day School Staff at December 31st, 1948—	
Public Schools	1,954
Collegiate Institutes	381
Technical Schools	284
Handicraft Schools	46
High Schools of Commerce	157
Number of Teachers on Night School Staff at December 31st, 1948—	
Public Schools	8
Collegiate Institutes	55
Technical Schools	471
Handicraft Schools	—
High Schools of Commerce	182
Average Daily Attendance for Year 1948—	
Public Schools	57,364
Collegiate Institutes	9,877
Technical Schools	4,728
Handicraft Schools	1,043
High Schools of Commerce	3,441
Average Nightly Attendance for Year 1948—	
Public Schools	602
Collegiate Institutes	274
Technical Schools	2,208
Handicraft Schools	52
High Schools of Commerce	1,392

School Statistics, 1948—continued

Number of Schools—	1948
Public Schools	88
Collegiate Institutes	10
Technical Schools	4
Handicraft Schools	3
High Schools of Commerce	4

Value of Buildings, Sites and Equipment at December 31, 1948—

Public Schools	$22,633,041.05
Collegiate Institutes	7,033,778.03
Technical and Handicraft Schools	6,438,115.43
High Schools of Commerce	3,062,113.76
Central Administration	998,120.12
Total	$40,165,168.39

TORONTO AND SUBURBAN SEPARATE SCHOOL BOARD

The Board at present is composed of 12 Trustees, elected by wards, for a term of two years—9 trustees being elected in the City and 3 trustees in the suburban area.

The Membership at present is:

Ward 1—Michael J. Duggan, 33 Victor Avenue.
Ward 2—Gerard Beaudoin, K.C., 11 Dunbar Rd.
Ward 3—J. J. O'Reilly, 196 Macpherson Avenue.
Ward 4—Elmer T. Duggan, 93 Chatsworth Drive.
Ward 5—Rev. P. Klita, O.M.I., 12 Denison Ave.
Ward 6—Fred J. Boland, 120 Lyndhurst Avenue.
Ward 7—James G. Culnan, 209 Indian Rd. Cres.
Ward 8—Rev. Denis O'Connor, 794 Kingston Rd.
Ward 9—Rt. Rev. Hugh J. Callaghan, 21 Cortland Avenue.
Ward 10—Averell Robinson, 6 Parkview Road, Etobicoke Township, c/o Weston P.O.
Ward 11—Rev. John A. McCool, 100 Guestville Ave., Mount Dennis.
Ward 12—Mrs. Lillian Arbour, 262 Queensdale Avenue.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD

Fred J. Boland, Chairman.
Honorary Treasurer, Jas. G. Culnan.
John Dillon, Secretary-Treasurer and Business Administrator.

Toronto and Suburban

Separate School Board—continued

James E. Day, K.C., Counsel.
Arthur Kelly, K.C., Solicitor.

Inspectors:

J. M. Bennett, M.A., Ph.D.
T. S. Melady, M.A.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD

477 Jarvis Street

Telephones, Midway 2403, 2404, 2405

SCHOOL STATISTICS, 1948

Number of teachers	353
Number of registered pupils	12,950
Average daily attendance	11,850
Value of Separate School property	$4,270,446.00
Number of Separate Schools	42

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

The management and control of the Public Libraries of the City are vested in the Toronto Public Library Board, appointed pursuant to the provisions of the Act respecting Public Libraries and Art Schools (Chap. 283, R.S.O. 1937) and composed of the Mayor of the City and eight others; three appointed by the City Council, three by the Board of Education, and two by the Separate (Catholic) School Board. The persons appointed by the City Council and the Board of Education hold office for three years, and those by the Separate School Board for two years. These members retire in rotation at the end of their respective terms on the 31st of January.

The Board holds its regular meeting on the second Wednesday of each month, and the Libraries and Finance Committee meets on the preceding Thursday.

The Libraries are maintained by an annual appropriation from the tax rates, under legislative enactment, of an amount not to exceed fifty cents per capita of the population of the City as shown in the returns of the Assessment Department. This appropriation is obligatory, but on a vote of a majority of the members of the Council present and voting the appropriation may be increased to an amount not exceeding $1.25 per capita.

Public Libraries—continued

TORONTO PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD

1949

Mrs. John W. Falkner (Chairman),
172 Blythwood Road,
(Rep. City Council).

John M. Bennett, M.A., Ph.D.,
47 Browning Avenue,
(Rep. Separate School Board).

Charles M. Carrie,
619 Euclid Avenue,
(Rep. City Council).

Mrs. Richard Davidson,
120 Madison Avenue, Apt. B,
(Rep. Board of Education).

John C. M. MacBeth, K.C., B.A.,
152 Springhurst Avenue,
(Rep. Board of Education).

Controller A. A. Lamport,
City Hall,
(Mayor's Representative).

Newman F. Mallon, B.A.,
72 Lyndhurst Avenue,
(Rep. Separate School Board).

Mrs. H. E. McCullagh,
67 Colbeck St.,
(Rep. Board of Education).

Public Libraries—continued

Albert Taylor,
381 St. Germain Avenue,
(Rep. City Council).

Chief Librarian:
Charles R. Sanderson, M.A., B.Sc.

Deputy Chief Librarian:
R. D. Hilton Smith, F.L.A.

The Administration Offices are located in the Central Library Building, corner College and St. George Streets. Telephone (switchboard), KIngsdale 1151.

The Reference Library, including the Business and Technical Library, and the Central Circulating Library are located in the main Library building, St. George and College Streets. Immediately north of this building there is a well-equipped Boys' and Girls' Library. There are sixteen Branch Libraries and also smaller libraries in thirty-one Schools and Settlements, etc. Libraries are administered in Sunnybrook Military Hospital, Queen Elizabeth Hospital, and Runnymede Hospital.

The Reference Library is open from 10 a.m. to 9.30 p.m.; the Central Circulating Library from 9 a.m. to 8.30 p.m. The remaining branch

Public Libraries—continued

libraries from 12 noon to 8.30 p.m. but closing on Wednesdays. The Boys' and Girls' Library on St. George Street is open from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

The main building includes the Reference and Circulating Divisions, the Central Reading Room, with an ample supply of the leading Canadian, British and American newspapers and magazines; the Music Library; the Reference collection of bound volumes of the Canadian, British and American patent specifications; a valuable collection of Government documents, and a "Current File" of Clippings, these gathered from periodicals for reference purposes.

The Circulating portion of the main building also houses the Kipling Room for boys and girls of High School age, and the John Ross Robertson Collection of engravings, prints and paintings illustrative of early life in Canada (the largest and most valuable collection of Canadian prints in existence). The room is open to the public daily without charge. It also houses the Circulating Picture Collection and the Educational Film Library.

LIBRARY STATISTICS, 1948

Value of Libraries, including buildings and grounds, about ..... $ 3,100,000

Public Libraries—continued

Adult books issued for home reading	2,034,942
Reference books used	284,570
Boys' and Girls' books used	1,670,517
Books and pamphlets added	42,428
Total number of books and pamphlets in the Libraries	758,429

CIVIC ADVISORY COUNCIL

The Civic Advisory Council, formerly the Toronto Reconstruction Council, was established by the City Council under By-law No. 16051, December 14, 1943.

The function of the Civic Advisory Council is to act in an advisory capacity to the City Council and to place at its service the knowledge, skills and advice of persons, representing a cross-section of the community, on matters affecting the interests of the citizens of Toronto. The terms of reference, are, briefly, to inquire into, report on, and make recommendations in respect to such matters as the position and responsibilities of the municipality and problems concerning social security and community welfare.

The personnel of the Civic Advisory Council is composed of representatives from 66 city-wide business, professional and community organizations. The Civic Advisory Council is empowered also, to appoint other organizations or individuals who, it considers, will contribute to the work of the Council.

OFFICERS

Honorary Chairman

H. E. McCallum (Mayor)

Civic Advisory Council of Toronto—continued

Chairman

Ralph C. C. Henson

Vice-Chairman

Dr. Harry M. Cassidy

Executive Assistant

Miss P. Godfrey

Community Counsellor

Hugo W. Wolter

OFFICE

83 St. Joseph Street

Telephone:

Civic Advisory Council - - - RAndolph 9431

Community Counsellor - - - RAndolph 9757

TORONTO TRAFFIC CONFERENCE

Secretary: F. D. Tolchard, c/o Board of Trade
King Edward Hotel, King Street East
Telephone, Elgin 9161

The Toronto Traffic Conference is an advisory body originally appointed in 1930, to advise Council on matters of traffic and parking. The original membership of four has been increased to eight, and consists of three representatives of the Traffic Advisory Board; and one each from the Toronto Transportation Commission; the Police Department; the Ontario Safety League; the Works Committee and the Department of City Planning.

The Conference meets by-weekly throughout the year on alternate Wednesdays, for the purpose of considering all matters remitted to it by the Works Committee, or any other source, or initiated by its members. Its findings and recommendations are transmitted to the Works Committee for its information and assistance.

The members serve without remuneration and a place of meeting and secretarial services are provided without cost to the City, by the Board of Trade.

THE TORONTO HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS

The Toronto Harbour Commissioners were incorporated by Federal Act of Parliament, passed in 1911, to develop and administer the Port of Toronto. Under this Act five Commissioners are appointed—three being appointed by the City Council, and two by the Dominion Government, one of whom is the nominee of the Toronto Board of Trade. They are appointed for terms of three years, are eligible for re-appointment and serve without remuneration.

Commencing active operations in 1914, the Commissioners in co-operation with the City Council and the Dominion Government have transformed what was once an inadequate and relatively inaccessible waterfront district into one of the most up-to-date harbours on the Great Lakes. In cargo tonnage, facilities afforded to shippers, and economic and commercial advantages for industry and manufacturers, the Port of Toronto rates among the highest of both Canadian Lake and Sea Ports.

Two modern industrial areas have been created out of the marshlands and lands covered by water which previously were, for the most part, non-revenue producing. Permanent concrete wharves and piers have been constructed; rail, road and water services have been co-ordinated

The Toronto Harbour Commissioners—continued

and the Harbour itself has passed from a state of inadequacy to a state of utility and efficiency. Waterborne cargo tonnage has increased by some 1,100 per cent and the expansion of industrial and commercial activity has been most marked.

In addition to improvements effected in navigation and in the commercial and industrial facilites, the development plans included the reclamation of park and recreational areas, of which Sunnyside Beach, near the western entrance to the City, has become Toronto's Lakeshore Playground.

Extending easterly from the Humber River to Leslie Street is the cross-town waterfront highway with, for the most part, a minimum pavement width of 50 feet. The foresight in constructing this fast traffic artery, made possible by the waterfront development, is evidenced by the many thousands of motorists using it daily.

In order to finance development works, the Commissioners under their Act of Incorporation, were authorized to borrow money and issue bonds. Bonds so issued were guaranteed as to principal and interest by the City. In 1948, interest and debt retirement charges amounted to $1,426,865.62. Of this amount the City paid

The Toronto Harbour Commissioners—continued

$208,056.67 towards the redemption of Harbour bonds. The balance of $1,218,808.95 was met by The Toronto Harbour Commissioners out of Harbour revenues.

During 1948, businesses operating on the waterfront paid in taxes to the City some $1,203,620.00. Deducting the $208,056.67 that the City paid toward redemption of Harbour bonds in 1948, from the amount derived by the City in taxes during the same period, it will be seen that the taxes received were in excess of the amount the City was called upon to pay under its guarantee by some $995,563.00. During the past twenty years occupied Harbour properties have paid in taxes to the City of Toronto some $15,000,000.00.

The two municipal airports, one a combined airport and seaplane base on Toronto Island and the other an all-weather airport at Malton, and also the Toronto Life Saving and Police Patrol Service are administered by The Toronto Harbour Commissioners for and at the expense of the City.

COMMISSIONERS

***W. H. Bosley, O.B.E., Chairman**

****Dr. M. D. Kinsella**	***Charles S. Morrow**
*****Luther F. Winchell**	***George A. Wilson**

The Toronto Harbour Commissioners—continued

*Appointed by the City Council.

**Appointed by the Dominion Government.

***Appointed by the Dominion Government on nomination by the Board of Trade.

OFFICERS

F. R. Scandrett, General Manager.

E. L. Cousins, C.B.E., Consultant.

E. B. Griffith, Secretary.

F. J. Blair, Chief Engineer.

T. Graydon, Comptroller.

H. J. Snelgrove, Harbour Master.

Offices: 60 Harbour Street

Telephone, Elgin 1451

TORONTO HYDRO-ELECTRIC SYSTEM

The Toronto Hydro-Electric System is owned by the City of Toronto, and is operated for it by the Toronto Electric Commissioners.

The present members and officers are:

Commissioners

Loftus H. Reid, Chairman

Bert Merson, Vice-Chairman

Hiram E. McCallum (Mayor)

Officers

E. M. Ashworth, General Manager

H. J. MacTavish, Secretary and Assistant General Manager

Offices

14 Carlton Street; telephone Adelaide 2261

The Toronto Hydro-Electric System is one of the largest municipally-owned distribution systems in the world, and distributes power at unusually low rates.

Alternating Current Light and Power Rates

Residence Service

Alternating Current — 25 Cycle — 120 Volts.

Energy Charge:

Toronto Hydro-Electric System—continued

One and eight-tenths cents per Kilowatt-hour for the first 50 Kilowatt-hours' use per month.

One cent per Kilowatt-hour for all additional consumption.

Prompt payment discount 10%. Minimum monthly bill 75c. (Net.)

Commercial Lighting Service

Alternating Current — 25 Cycles — 120 Volts. Billing Demand — by meter or 100% Installed Capacity.

Monthly Demand Charge:

Five cents per 100 Watts of Installed Capacity or Billing Demand.

Minimum Demand — 500 Watts.

Energy Charge:

One and nine-tenths cents per Kilowatt-hour for equivalent of first 100 hours' monthly use of Billing Demand.

Thirty-five one-hundredths cents per Kilowatt-hour for all additional consumption.

Prompt payment discount 10%. Minimum monthly bill 75c. (Net).

Power Service

Alternating Current — 25 Cycles — 3 Phase 550 Volts. Billing Demand—by meter or 100% In-

Toronto Hydro-Electric System—continued

stalled Capacity. Alternating Current—25 Cycles —3 Phase—208 Volts (See Note).

Monthly Demand Charge:

One dollar per Kilowatt of Installed Capacity or Billing Demand.

Energy Charge:

One and one-half cents per Kilowatt-hour for equivalent of the first 50 hours' monthly use of the Billing Demand.

Nine-tenths cents per Kilowatt-hour for equivalent of the second 50 hours' monthly use of the Billing Demand.

One-quarter cent per Kilowatt-hour for all additional consumption.

Prompt payment discount 10%.

NOTE:—Alternating Current 25 Cycles — 3 Phase — 208 Volts Service is supplied in areas where 4 wire A.C. network is installed.

Direct Current service is supplied in a restricted down town area only.

Rates for Direct Current and special classes of service, such as Flat Rate Water Heaters, Hall Lighting, Sign Lighting, etc., may be obtained on application.

TORONTO TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

The Toronto Transportation Commission was incorporated by an Act of the Ontario Legislature assented to June 4th, 1920. The Act of Incorporation is 10-11 Geo. V, 1920, Chap. 144. Copies of the Act may be obtained at the Commission's offices.

The Commission consists of three members, appointed by the City Council to serve for three years, and to be paid such salary or other remunerations as may be fixed by Council.

No member of the City Council is eligible for appointment as a member of the Commission.

The Commission is entrusted with the control, maintenance, operation and management of all local public transportation facilities in Toronto and must collect such tolls and fares so that the revenue of the Commission shall be sufficient to make all transportation facilities under its control and management self-sustaining after providing for such maintenance, renewals, depreciation and debt charges as it shall think proper.

The principal motor coach routes radiating from the City, motor coach sight-seeing and other special motor coach services are operated by the Commission under the name of Gray Coach Lines, Limited. With its routes extending

Toronto Transportation Commission—continued

from the United States border at Niagara Falls and Buffalo to Toronto and thence to Muskoka Lakes, North Bay and other northern Ontario resorts, Gray Coach Lines' motor coach services have made Toronto the hub of highway travel and have developed a profitable tourist business for Toronto.

The Toronto Island Ferries are owned and operated by the Toronto Transportation Commission. Passenger and freight service is supplied by a fleet of ferry boats and freight craft between the mainland and the three Islands—Centre Island, Hanlan's Point and Ward's Island. The one-way trip to any of these points is made in approximately fifteen minutes.

Several municipalities adjacent to Toronto have arranged to have their local public transportation services managed by the Toronto Transportation Commission. This arrangement is advantageous to these municipalities and does not impose any financial responsibility on Toronto or on the Commission. These include bus and street car services in York Township, Weston, and the municipalities between Toronto and Richmond Hill on north Yonge Street; and bus services in Forest Hill Village, Leaside and East York Township.

Toronto Transportation Commission—continued

The Commission operates 954 electric street cars, 85 trolley coaches and 66 electric service cars. The street cars and trolley coaches travel a distance of approximately 36,600,000 miles in services during a year. The 592 buses and motor coaches travel 16,390,000 miles yearly. The fleet of five ferry boats carries more than 2,500,000 passengers during the Summer. Approximately 6,000 people are regularly employed by the Commission.

The Commissioners are as follows:

Wm. C. McBrien, Chairman.
Wm. Croft, Vice-Chairman.
W. G. Russell, Commissioner.

H. C. Patten, General Manager.

C. A. Ward, Secretary and Public Relations Executive.

Offices:

35 Yonge Street; telephone, WAverley 7611

CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION

The Canadian National Exhibition of 1948 was crowned with unprecedented success. Attendance and other records were toppled, the turnstiles showing an all-time high of 2,612,000. A bright feature of the year was the dedication of the new grandstand, an ultra-modern structure erected at a cost of $4,000,000, to replace the old structure destroyed by fire.

Development of much new business, home and foreign, was reported by exhibitors. The continued trend toward encouragement of overseas trade was pronounced and the efficacy of the C.N.E. as a business stimulant was again aptly demonstrated.

The story of the inception and development of what is now the largest annual exhibition in the world is an interesting one, a record of uninterrupted progress since its inconspicuous birth in the Niagara wilderness in 1792.

The forefathers of the C.N.E. were men of vision. They attuned their efforts to the requirements of the day and while their interests were largely agricultural, the other aspects of pioneer life were not neglected. A policy befitting the requirements of a young and growing country was laid down. That policy has been carefully pursued throughout the years with such revi-

sions as have been necessary to assume leadership in the many facets of the national life of Canada. The desirability and popularity of that policy is attested by the universal acclaim and support constantly accorded the Canadian National Exhibition in its march to the position of world leadership.

In 1801, the society was instituted in London, Ontario. The war of 1812 brought a temporary setback, but in 1820 a cattle show was held at York, now Toronto. Government recognition was gained in 1830 when a grant of $400 was made to agricultural societies. This led to the formation of a provincial society in 1846, and shows were held each year at different places throughout the thriving province until 1878, when it was decided that an itinerant fair was not desirable. Toronto undertook the erection of permanent buildings for exhibition purposes, and the fair became a Toronto fixture known as the Toronto Industrial Exhibition. It separated from the provincial society, and as an independent organization, its name was changed in 1912 to the Canadian National Exhibition. Its development was rapid, and, from a national fair, it became truly international in its scope.

The Board of Directors consists of the Mayor of the City of Toronto and seven members of the

Canadian National Exhibition—continued

City Council together with two elected directors. Ten representatives of manufacturing interests and eight of agriculture also are members of the Board. These are selected from the membership which represents more than one hundred and fifty organizations of wide variety.

President, 1949
Colonel K. R. Marshall, C.M.G., D.S.O.

First Vice-President
R. C. Berkinshaw, C.B.E.

Second Vice-President
Gordon C. Leitch, C.B.E.

LIFE DIRECTORS

Alfred Rogers J. A. Scythes

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section "A" (City Council and Municipality):

His Worship Mayor H. E. McCallum
Alderman W. Frank Clifton
Alderman Arthur J. Frost
Alderman George P. Granell
Alderman Roy S. Mealing

Canadian National Exhibition—continued

Alderman John McMechan
Alderman Charles Rowntree
Alderman E. L. Weaver, K.C.
William C. McBrien
G. T. Manes

Section "B" (General Manufacturers and Liberal Arts Section):

R. C. Berkinshaw, C.B.E.
F. S. Corrigan
Aubrey Davis
James S. Duncan, C.M.G.
Charles Q. Ellis
S. F. D. Sampson
R. H. Saunders, C.B.E., K.C.
A. T. Thom
Col. Mackenzie Waters
L. F. Winchell

Section "C" (Agricultural Section):

Kenneth E. Deacon
John Bull
William A. Dryden
W. J. Gardhouse

Canadian National Exhibition—continued

Lionel Godson
William A. Harris
Dr. R. M. Jenkins
Gordon C. Leitch, C.B.E.
Col. K. R. Marshall, C.M.G., D.S.O.
J. A. Northey
Colonel the Honourable T. L. Kennedy (ex-officio)

General Manager ..... **Elwood A. Hughes, O.B.E.**
Secretary ..... **Robert J. Dixon**
General Offices ..... **Exhibition Park, Toronto**
Telephone, Trinity 3821

PARK AND BUILDINGS

Exhibition Park is an exquisitely landscaped property of about 400 acres extending for a distance of a mile and a half along the shore of Lake Ontario not far from the centre of Toronto. A protected regatta course extends the full length of the park. Beautiful shade trees, paved boulevards, immaculate beds of flowers and foliage in artistic design, wide sweeping lawns and stately permanent buildings of stone, steel, brick and concrete, gems of exposition architecture, combine to make a most attractive picture

with the blue waters of Lake Ontario as background. Several of these great display structures cost in excess of one million dollars each.

SOME EXHIBITION STATISTICS

Year	Prizes Paid	Paid Attendance
1924	$ 92,300	1,519,000
1925	97,000	1,491,300
1926	105,400	1,573,000
1927	130,000	1,870,000
1928	138,300	2,039,000
1929	151,200	1,974,000
1930	129,600	1,687,000
1931	122,800	1,657,000
1932	107,600	1,439,000
1933	94,100	1,420,000
1934	90,686	1,503,000
1935	90,201	1,651,000
1936	91,376	1,603,000
1937	88,183	1,302,000
1938	88,127	1,656,000
1939	77,539	1,626,000
1940	71,556	1,642,000

Canadian National Exhibition—continued

Year	Prizes Paid	Paid Attendance
1941	71,603	1,839,000
1942, 1943, 1944, 1945 and 1946	(Exhibition not held)	
1947	97,543	2,360,500
1948	95,867	2,612,000

DATES OF EXHIBITION, 1949

August 26th to September 10th

(Exclusive of Sundays)

THE ROYAL AGRICULTURAL WINTER FAIR ASSOCIATION OF CANADA

The Royal Agricultural Winter Fair, held each November at Toronto, was brought into existence by the Association which was formed in 1919 to promote higher agriculture through an annual competitive exhibition of farm products. The "Royal" now holds an esteemed position on this continent because of its wide scope, its international aspect, its variety of exhibits and high standards.

The membership is composed of representatives of agricultural bodies from every part of Canada as well as the Dominion and Provincial Governments and the City of Toronto.

Prior to the opening of the first Fair in 1922 His Majesty, the Late King George V, graciously chose to grant the Association a Royal Charter, thus the word "Royal" in the title.

Seventeen annual shows had been held before the outbreak of war in September, 1939, caused their suspension until 1946. The three post-war shows following the enforced 7-year lapse have been generally acknowledged as the most successful of the series. Entries have been beyond expectation (just short of 17,000 in 1948), quality has been higher than ever before, and attendance unprecedented, all of which leads to

Royal Agricultural Winter Fair—continued

the conclusion that the value of this annual institution is now more heartily appreciated by both agriculturists and the general public. The "Royal" is going forward with an even more ambitious programme for the 1949 show which will be held in the Coliseum 15-23 November..

The steel and concrete Coliseum buildings which house the "Royal" cover 25 acres and are admirably suited to the varied exhibits. In all 15,000 head of live stock and poultry can be accommodated.

The administrative offices of the Royal Agricultural Winter Fair are located in the Coliseum, Exhibition Park, Toronto.

OFFICERS FOR 1949-50

Honorary President
J. A. Northey

President
John W. McKee

Vice-President
P. L. Whytock

Managing Director
Will. A. Dryden

Secretary
James R. Johnston

Royal Agricultural Winter Fair—continued

Executive Committee

Honorary President, President, Vice-President S. G. Bennett, E. M. Carroll, G. A. Lascelles, Alfred Rogers, Duncan O. Bull, Thomas Dent, W. J. Love, W. J. Russell, C. F. W. Burns, F. C. Fletcher, Fred K. Morrow.

Past Presidents

D. O. Bull, E. M. Carroll, W. A. Dryden, J. A. Northey, Gordon F. Perry, Alfred Rogers.

Honorary Life Directors

C. E. Chambers, Dr. G. I. Christie, Timothy C. Eaton, John Irwin, J. H. Saunders, Major C. Sifton, D.S.O.; S. E. Todd, Peter White, K.C.

Managing Director

Will. A. Dryden

GENERAL OFFICES

Royal Coliseum, Exhibition Park, Toronto
Telephone, Waverley 3081

THE BOARD OF TRADE OF THE CITY OF TORONTO

The Board of Trade of the City of Toronto was founded in 1844 and incorporated by an Act of the Legislature of the late Provinces of Canada in 1845.

The principal objects of the Board are:

(a) To promote and/or support such measures as, upon due consideration, are deemed calculated to advance and render prosperous the lawful trade and commerce and to foster the economic and social welfare of the City of Toronto in particular and of the Province of Ontario and of the Dominion of Canada in general.

(b) To promote the establishment and maintenance of uniformity in the business of its members and those dealing with them.

(c) To advance in all lawful ways the commercial interests of the members of the Board generally and to secure the advantages to be obtained by mutual co-operation.

The Board is one of the largest commercial organizations in the British Empire and functions through a Council of twenty-four elected members and a number of Committees, the principal of which are Advisory Planning, Aviation, Engineering Advisory, Insurance, Labour Relations,

The Board of Trade of the City of Toronto
—continued

Legislation, Northern Ontario, Social Problems, Taxation and Transportation and Customs. The Board also operates eleven Trade and Professional Branches, namely, Book Publishers, British Empire Overseas, Canadian Display Designers and Builders, Fuel Dock, Funeral Directors, Grain and Grain Products, Laundry and Cleaners, Lumbermen, Motion Picture, Oil Heating, Poultry and Dairy Products, and Provision Trade, and has affiliated with it the Fuel Protection Association.

The Board has direct representation on a number of bodies concerned with commercial, social and cultural development in the Toronto area.

Affiliated with the Board is the Board of Trade Club, composed of 550 members who meet for dinner meetings each Monday night from October 1st to April 30th.

The Young Men's Section comprises six hundred and forty-four young men between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five. The Section meets every two weeks, on Tuesdays, at 6.00 p.m. for dinner meetings, from October 1st to April 30th. The members are granted limited privileges in the Board of Trade.

The Board of Trade of the City of Toronto
—continued

OFFICERS, 1949

President
E. G. Burton, C.B.E.

First Vice-President
Beverley Matthews, K.C.

Second Vice-President
J. Gerald Godsoe, C.B.E.

Honorary Treasurer
W. P. Scott

Council

D. W. Ambridge, C.B.E., B.Sc.; J. A. Argo, B. W. Ballard, O. H. Barrett, C. K. Coulson, S. A. Duke, Courtland Elliott, C.B.E.; H. B. Kennedy, Hugh H. Lawson, C. M. Leishman, T. D'Arcy Leonard, K.C.; A. J. Little, K. S. Maclachlan, O.B.E., B.A.Sc.; A. S. Mathers, John L. McCarthy, Neil J. McKinnon, Thos. Oakley, B. A. Stevenson, D. S. Thomson, David M. Woods.

General Manager
F. D. Tolchard

Secretary
G. H. Stanford

Offices: Mezzanine Floor, King Edward Hotel King Street East. Telephone Elgin 9161

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION

Incorporated under Act passed by the Parliament of Canada in 1902 (2 Edward VII, Chap. 48).

OFFICERS, 1948-49

President

N. A. Hesler, LL.D., Enamel & Heating Products, Limited, Sackville, N.B.

First Vice-President

M. A. East, John East Iron Works, Limited, Saskatoon, Sask.

Second Vice-President

H. G. Hilton, The Steel Co. of Canada, Limited, Hamilton, Ont.

Treasurer

J. C. Macfarlane, K.C., Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Association Officials

General Manager, J. T. Stirrett

General Secretary, E. G. Reburn

Offices: 1404 Montreal Trust Building, Toronto

Telephone: Adelaide 7261

Canadian Manufacturers' Association—continued

Ontario Division, C.M.A.

Chairman, J. L. Miller, Herbert Morris Crane and Hoist Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

Manager, G. C. Bernard, Toronto

Toronto Branch, C.M.A.

Chairman, Jesse L. Frink, Square D Company, Canada, Limited, Mount Dennis, Ont.

Manager, G. C. Bernard, Toronto

The work of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association is based upon the studies, recommendations, and suggestions of its Standing and Special Committees, and Division and Branch Committees.

On all matters of national importance to manufacturers these studies, recommendations, and suggestions go to the Association's governing body or parliament, namely the Executive Council. The Executive Council consists of members elected annually representing all provinces, and almost every type of manufacturing in the Dominion. The members of Council are nominated by the local Committees throughout the country, and are experienced business leaders in their respective communities. Council meets regularly, and the annual election ensures

Canadian Manufacturers' Association—continued

the introduction of some newcomers each year. It can be said that policies decided upon by the Executive Council truly represent the views of the Canadian manufacturing industry as a whole.

The Executive Committee, which might be described as the board of directors of the Association, also represents all parts of Canada.

There are nine Standing Committees and, in addition, numerous Division and Branch Committees in the five Divisions and twenty-seven Branches from coast to coast. One of these Branches is the Toronto Branch which deals with matters of industrial interest in the Toronto area.

TORONTO CONVENTION AND TOURIST ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED

This Association was organized in the year 1926 for the purpose of increasing tourist traffic and securing Conventions for the City of Toronto.

Officers

Hon. President, Hiram E. McCallum, Mayor.
President, John C. Porter.
Vice-Presidents, J. Johnson and Geo. W. Mills.
Executive Vice-President, T. H. R. McNally.
Secretary, Miss T. M. Kyle.
Treasurer, H. C. Bourlier.

Address—Rooms 108-109, 37 Bloor Street West
Telephones, Midway 9874-5

This Association is governed by an executive committee appointed from its elected Directorate, and is the recognized channel of community enterprise for the promotion of the visitor industry. It carries on the advertising, selling and promotional work on behalf of the city to secure transient visitors. During the summer months it maintains Toronto's official tourist information office on Lake Shore Boulevard. The Association's activities are financed by the membership fees and subscriptions of its supporters and an annual grant from the Corporation of the City of Toronto.

TORONTO INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION

The Commission's objectives are to secure industries for, and aid industries in, the City of Toronto and surrounding territory and to give publicity to the advantages of the Toronto area for business and manufacturing purposes.

It maintains comprehensive data concerning available industrial properties, accepts no commissions or fees, preserves confidential relations with its correspondents, invites suggestions as to names of companies which might advantageously locate in the Toronto area, and has a staff of qualified engineers in industrial, economic and statistical research.

Since the Commission commenced operations in 1929, it has co-operated in the establishment of 275 industrial developments for the Toronto area, representing a capital investment of $61,430,100. They already provide employment for over 16,000 persons—a figure greater than the industrial employment in most Ontario cities. These companies in 1948 paid to the municipalities of the Toronto area for taxes and hydro power a total of $1,058,671.

OFFICERS

Honorary President

C. L. Burton, C.B.E.

Toronto Industrial Commission—continued

Honorary Vice-President

John A. Tory

President

Frank E. Waterman

Vice-Presidents

A. B. Cooper W. H. Bosley, O.B.E.

E. M. Ashworth

Board of Directors

Nominated as follows—one by Toronto City Council, six by Toronto Board of Trade, three by the Toronto Branch, Canadian Manufacturers' Association and four by other public bodies.

Mayor H. E. McCallum, City of Toronto; E. M. Ashworth, General Manager, Toronto Hydro-Electric System; R. C. Berkinshaw, C.B.E., Vice-President, Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. Ltd.; W. H. Bosley, O.B.E., Chairman, Toronto Harbour Commissioners; E. G. BURTON, C.B.E., President, The Robert Simpson Company Limited; A. B. Cooper, President, Ferranti Electric Limited; Elwood A. Hughes, O.B.E., General Manager, Canadian National Exhibition; Ivor R. Lewis, Director, The T. Eaton Company Limited; H. C. Patten, General Manager, Toronto Transportation Commission; N. P. Petersen, O.B.E., President, Canadian Acme Screw & Gear Limited; J. A. Scythes, President, Scythes & Company Limited; John A.

Toronto Industrial Commission—continued

Tory, Director, Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada; Frank E. Waterman, President, Toronto Brick Company Limited; L. F. Winchell, Vice-President, Hinde & Dauch Paper Co. of Canada Limited.

A British Advisory Committee in England comprises Sir Ernest H. Cooper, Chairman, Gillette Industries Ltd., Isleworth, Middlesex, and Rupert Carr, Managing Director, Peek, Frean & Co. Ltd., London.

General Manager, T. H. Bartley

Canada Permanent Building, 320 Bay Street

Telephone—Waverley 1616

TORONTO AND YORK ROADS COMMISSION

The Commission consists of five persons, two appointed by the County Council of York, two appointed by the City of Toronto, and a fifth to be appointed by the four elected members or the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. Its duty is the improvement and maintenance of main suburban roads to be determined upon by the Commission. The cost is to be borne 25 per cent by the City, 25 per cent by the County, and 50 per cent by the Ontario Government. The members and officers of the Commission are as follows:

COMMISSIONERS

W. J. Gardhouse, Chairman, 206 Queen's Drive, Weston.

F. A. Lundy, Vice-Chairman, 94 Prospect Ave., Newmarket.

R. Earl Bales, 4571 Yonge Street, Lansing.

A. Kingsley Graham, K.C., 32 Kilbarry Road, Toronto.

Norman W. Long, 65 Joicey Blvd., Toronto.

Wilbert W. Gardhouse, Secretary-Treasurer.

H. C. Rose, B.A.Sc., Chief Engineer.

J. D. Lucas, K.C., Solicitor.

McDonald, Currie & Co., Auditors.

Offices: County Building, 57 Adelaide Street East, Toronto. Telephone Waverley 3851

ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO MAYORS AND REEVES

It has been the endeavour of the Association of Ontario Mayors and Reeves to put forward the municipal position for study and definition of the relationships with the Federal and Provincial Governments so that municipalities may plan and administer their affairs in regard to proper and basic municipal services. For this purpose Submissions have been placed before the Government of Ontario for consideration and solutions that will specifically define the proper service of municipalities and the financial obligations involved, releving them of the costs of social services and other matters that are beyond basic municipal services.

The Association has held Annual Conferences in Toronto, Kirkland Lake, Fort William, Ottawa and Windsor. This year the Annual Conference was held in Hamilton on April 28, 29 and 30.

Membership in the Association is available to all Mayors and Reeves of municipalities in Ontario.

OFFICERS

President: Mayor Sam. Lawrence of Hamilton
Vice-Presidents: Reeve Ann Shipley of Teck Township, Mayor Hiram E. McCallum of Toronto
Executive Secretary: Seely W. Eakins, 209 City Hall, Toronto. Telephone Adelaide 7171

THE ONTARIO MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION

This organization, composed of delegates appointed by different municipalities throughout the Province of Ontario, has been formed for the purpose of discussing important municipal topics and of prompting desirable municipal legislation. The delegates are either members or officers of municipal councils.

The annual meetings are held usually during August or September at a place determined by the Executive Committee.

Member Municipalities—264.

OFFICERS, 1948-1949

President—County Treasurer W. W. Gardhouse, York Co.

Vice-Presidents—H. H. McFadden, Reeve, Lindsay; E. A. Outram, City Clerk, Peterborough; Mrs. M. A. Shipley, Reeve, Teck Township; J. F. Berry, City Clerk, Hamilton; T. H. Currah, St. Thomas.

Secretary-Treasurer—K. Grant Crawford, Institute of Local Government, Kingston.

ONTARIO MUNICIPAL BOARD

R. S. Colter, K.C., Chairman
W. P. Near, B.A.Sc., Vice-Chairman
W. J. Moore, O.L.S., Member
R. H. Yeates, Member
R. C. Rowland, Member
Miss M. B. Sanderson, Secretary
J. A. McDonald, Supervisor of Telephone Systems

Offices—Parliament Buildings
Telephone, Adelaide 1211

The Ontario Municipal Board is an administrative Board appointed by the Province of Ontario and given a great variety of functions amongst which are:

Approval of any municipal debenture issue; dispensation of vote of ratepayers under certain circumstances or emergencies; approval of all municipal Restricted Area or Zoning By-laws; assessment Appeals; Arbitrations re lands taken by Province of Ontario, for Highways, Public Parks, Public Works, etc., and Municipal Corporations; supervision of Independent Telephone Systems, of which there are 562 in Ontario; supervision of Street Railways operated under Province of Ontario Charters; granting of Certificates for Licenses for Public Vehicles and Public Commercial Vehicles and many other duties as per general and special statutes.

THE TORONTO HUMANE SOCIETY

President

The Honourable R. C. Matthews, P.C. (Canada)

Administration Headquarters
11 Wellesley Street West

Telephone, Kingsdale 1191

The Toronto Humane Society was incorporated in the year 1887 for the purpose of promoting and developing Humane public sentiment, and to secure the enactment and enforcement of suitable laws for the prevention of cruelty to animals. The work of the Society has been carried on continuously since its foundation. At the Headquarters of the Society, 11 Wellesley Street West, it operates the City Pound and performs the duties of Dog Catching for the City. The activities of the Society have grown until it is recognized as one of the best of its kind on the continent.

TORONTO CLEARING HOUSE

Comparative Statement of Clearings for the three years ending December 31, 1948.

Banks	1946	%	1947	%	1948	%
Montreal	$ 2,422,437,579	19.79	$ 2,713,187,241	21.15	$ 2,942,599,389	20.80
Nova Scotia	1,245,615,131	10.17	1,167,967,541	9.10	1,359,572,337	9.60
Toronto	945,821,113	7.71	1,048,634,941	8.18	1,175,219,255	8.24
Commerce	2,367,802,955	19.34	2,512,489,674	19.63	2,718,399,246	19.22
Royal	2,402,156,127	19.61	2,482,134,416	19.24	2,674,122,160	18.90
Dominion	1,262,305,366	10.31	1,324,178,250	10.32	1,550,597,356	10.96
Imperial	1,124,717,930	9.18	1,257,948,380	9.80	1,351,209,319	9.55
Barclays	17,532,703	.14	18,757,690	.15	20,968,677	.14
Provincial	24,837,212	.20	30,371,798	.24	38,098,399	.27
National	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,995,351	.06
Bank of Canada	429,296,082	3.50	278,223,622	2.17	309,623,083	2.18
	$12,242,522,198	99.78	$12,833,893,553	99.98	$14,149,404,572	99.92

THE CONSUMERS' GAS COMPANY OF TORONTO

The Consumers' Gas Company was incorporated on March 23rd, 1848, for the purpose of supplying the City of Toronto with gas.

GENERAL SERVICE RATE

	Cubic Feet per Month	Gross	Net
First	200 or less	$1.00	90c
Next	1,800	14c per C	13c per C
"	8,000	13½c per C	12½c per C
"	90,000	12½c per C	11½c per C
"	400,000	12c per C	11c per C

Minimum bill: $1.00 gross, 90c net, per meter per month.

Rates for quantities in excess of the above and for special classes of service may be obtained at the Head Office of the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A. L. BISHOP, **President**

EDWARD J. TUCKER, **Vice-President**

W. C. Laidlaw, M. R. Gooderham, F. S. Corrigan, R. R. Corson, J. G. Parker, J. A. Northey, J. K. Macdonald and His Worship the Mayor.

EDWARD J. TUCKER, **General Manager**

H. G. SMITH, **Secretary**

OFFICES:

19 Toronto Street

Telephone, Adelaide 6941

TELEPHONE SERVICE IN TORONTO

Telephone service in Toronto and adjoining communities is provided by the Bell Telephone Company of Canada which was incorporated by Dominion charter in 1880. A year later it absorbed the Toronto Telephone Despatch Company which had been serving Toronto citizens since 1878.

When the Bell Company began operations here, there were only 400 telephones in Toronto. Today more than 352,000 are in use in the Toronto exchange area and some 22,000 in the suburbs. Toronto has nearly one sixth of the country's telephones with 76 households out of every 100 using telephone service.

Last year's busiest month, November, saw nearly 2,670,300 calls placed daily through the switchboards, exclusive of long distance. The average number of calls placed daily during the busiest month for long distance last year was 37,400 in October. It is estimated that about three times that number—incoming, outgoing and through calls—are cleared daily through the Toronto long distance centre.

Some 1,680 long distance circuits serve the city. There are 93 from Toronto to Montreal, 31 to Buffalo, 42 to New York, 37 to Detroit, 96 to Hamilton, 37 to Ottawa, 30 to London, Ontario, 16 to Chicago and 13 to Winnipeg.

Telephone Service in Toronto—continued

There are more than 5,600 employees in Toronto and service is maintained by 31 exchanges. Sixty-eight vehicles in the city are equipped with mobile telephones.

Officers of the Bell Telephone Company of Canada include: F. Johnson, President; R. V. Macaulay, Executive Vice-President; J. H. Brace and T. W. Eadie, Vice-Presidents; H. G. Young, General Manager, Western Area, and Frank H. Rowe, Toronto Manager.

Office: 76 Adelaide Street West
Telephone, Waverley 3911

WEATHER RECORDS
FOR THE PAST TEN YEARS

The following information is supplied by the Controller of the Meteorological Service, 315 Bloor Street West, Toronto; telephone Kingsdale 2164. For Forecasts telephone LYndhurst 7597.

Year	Temperatures					Precipitation (inches)	Winter* Snowfall (ins.)
	Mean			Extremes			
	Jan.	July	Year	Highest	Lowest		
1939	23.4	71.4	46.7	93	−9	27.71	82.6
1940	18.4	71.1	45.4	93	−6	35.39	47.8
1941	23.0	71.9	48.4	95	−3	25.80	58.8
1942	24.8	69.3	47.2	90	−16	38.11	35.3
1943	19.7	70.8	45.5	94	−21	32.64	72.6
1944	29.8	71.2	47.4	96	0	30.69	43.3
1945	15.0	68.5	46.3	92	−13	40.59	76.1
1946	25.9	70.1	48.1	90	−6	29.39	58.0
1947	27.3	69.3	47.3	93	0	33.36	68.0
1948	18.1	71.4	47.8	101	−12	28.44	58.9

*Winter snowfall includes the amount falling in the previous autumn months and is the total of all the amounts of freshly fallen snow.

Seasonal Day Degrees Below 65°F
(September 1st to May 31st)

Season	Total Day Degrees	Season	Total Day Degrees
1938-39	6911	1943-44	7086
1939-40	7457	1944-45	6937
1940-41	6856	1945-46	6755
1941-42	6402	1946-47	6749
1942-43	7346	1947-48	6933

Weather Records—continued

Extremes of Temperature, Precipitation and Sunshine

Highest temperature 105°, July 9 and 10, 1936.

Warmest day, mean temperature 92°, July 10, 1936.

Lowest temperature—26.5°, Jan. 10, 1859.

Coldest day, mean temperature—16°, Feb. 8, 1934.

Warmest year, mean temperature 49.7°, 1931.

Coldest year, mean temperature 40.5°, 1875.

Heaviest rainfall in 24 hours, 3.88 inches, July 27, 1897.

Heaviest snowfall in 24 hours, 20.5 inches, Dec. 11-12, 1944.

Greatest yearly precipitation, 50.17 inches, 1843.

Least yearly precipitation, 23.84 inches, 1933.

Greatest winter snowfall, 123.5 inches, 1869-70.

Least winter snowfall, 25.7 inches, 1932-33.

Greatest total hours of sunshine, 2,306 hours, 1900.

Least total hours of sunshine, 1,844 hours, 1942.

Weather Averages—1948

Mean Temperature — 47.8°F. or 2.0° above average.

Precipitation—28.44 inches or 3.74 inches below average.

Snowfall for the winter 1947-48—58.9 inches or 2.9 inches below average.

Sunshine—2032 hours, 18 hours below average.

THE CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY

Founded 1896, incorporated 1909.

Organization—National Office, 9 Provincial Divisions, 1,600 Branches.

Membership—Approximately 2,000,000 Senior and Junior Members.

Human Kindness—the World's Most Needed Commodity

With suffering reaching unprecedented proportions abroad—and with our people at home facing many complex problems of peace, the need for generosity and kindness of heart was never greater than right now.

In such times as these, people turn to the Red Cross as to an old friend, confident that they will receive help seasoned with friendship and a deep understanding of their problems.

Red Cross services are now established in many humanitarian fields . . . Blood Transfusion Service, to save lives . . . Outpost Hospitals in northern settlements, so that our isolated citizens may have medical care . . . Aid for our veterans, disabled, in distress . . . Junior Red Cross, inspiring our children to better health, good citizenship . . . and many other services.

Overseas Relief

Total cases shipped to Britain and 25 other countries 124,444, valued at $2,053,365.

The Canadian Red Cross Society—continued

Red Cross Services

Blood Transfusion—a service FREE to all.
Outpost Hospitals—for our Canadian frontiers.
Aid to our Veterans—disabled, sick and needy.
Crippled Children—hospital treatment.
Junior Red Cross, finer, healthier young citizens.
Swimming and Water Safety—to help safeguard lives.

Nutrition Services—for better health.
Disaster Relief—aid for the stricken and homeless.

First Aid instruction and First Aid Posts on our highways.

Home Nursing Courses and other Nursing Services.

Sickroom Supply Loan Cupboards, Medical and Dental Services, Women's Workrooms, Visiting Homemakers.

National Blood Transfusion Service

Many hospitals in Canada are without the blood and facilities necessary for their transfusion needs. Every day, lives (mothers in childbirth, accident victims, operative cases) are being lost because of this deficiency. It is the aim of the Red Cross to supply sufficient blood so that everyone in Canada needing a transfu-

sion will get it, immediately, free of any charge whatsoever.

Toronto Branch Activities

Over 100,000 hours of voluntary service.
1,800 patients visited by Hospital Services.
1,894 patients in arts and crafts.
Island Outpost Hospital for veterans.
Weekly movies for D.V.A. hospitals.
Lodges operated for Military patients.
2,923 pieces Sick Room equipment loaned.
Soldiers' Club for low pensioned and disabled veterans.
42,352 garments, bedding and hospital supplies made.
66,366 Junior Red Cross members.
Enquiries handled re missing persons in Europe.
13,798 British, Dutch and Displaced Persons welcomed and assisted.
Swimming and Water Safety Classes.
447 graduates in First Aid Course.
180 trained in Home Nursing, including 3 classes for blind women.
500 trained in Nutrition and Homemaking.
Food, clothing, Medical help and legal advice given needy persons.
Veterans and shut-ins driven by Red Cross Corps.

The Canadian Red Cross Society—continued

Flood and Disaster relief.
$736,319.91 contributed by citizens of Toronto.

Sick Room Supply Service

Toronto Branch of Canadian Red Cross Society operates a Sick Room Supply Service for the citizens of this community. Although this service is intended for those who are financially unable to provide this equipment, requests are accepted from anyone, but are always checked with the doctor or clinic as to eligibility. Hospital beds, wheelchairs, back rests and air cushions, crutches, enamel ware of all kinds, bedtrays are provided free of charge, for the care and comfort of the sick person in the home.

Officers

Mr. W. M. Hiller, President.
Mr. C. F. Plewman, Executive Secretary.

COMMUNITY CHEST OF GREATER TORONTO

Room 906, 100 Adelaide Street West
Telephone, Adelaide 4971

OFFICERS

President—Mr. Herman A. Stephens.
Vice-Presidents — Mrs. Leighton Elliott, Mr. Egmont Frankel, Mr. H. B. Keenleyside, Mr. John L. McCarthy, Mr. James McGrath.
Honourary Treasurer—Mr. J. G. Parker.
Chairman, Board of Directors—Mr. Herman A. Stephens.
Chairman, Welfare Council — Mrs. Leighton Elliott.
Chairman, Budget Committee—Mr. B. Haddy.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Executive Director, W. H. Dewar
Executive Secretary, Welfare Council
Miss Florence L. Philpott

The COMMUNITY CHEST is the means through which the citizens of Greater Toronto voluntarily meet many pressing social needs in their community. The Chest was organized in 1944 to consolidate the appeals of the Protestant, Catholic and Jewish federations and a number of other voluntarily supported social services. The purpose was to help reduce the multitude of appeals that annually plagued the citizens of

Community Chest—continued

Greater Toronto. These many separate appeals were not only wasteful of time and money but they did not always ensure the most efficient operation of social services. It was recognized that sound community planning was necessary to determine the real social needs of the community. The Community Chest of Greater Toronto was formed to bring order into the financing of social services and at the same time relate the financing to social planning through the Welfare Council.

The Community Chest of Greater Toronto is composed of the representatives of 66 member services and representatives of the contributing public. It is a democratic organization with the final authority resting with the people of Greater Toronto. The member social services offer to the total community help through family counselling, child welfare, delinquency prevention, health education, services to the aged and recreation. These social services are staffed by professional social workers who are skilled in helping individuals and groups live more happily and constructively.

The Red Feather is the symbol that represents all the 66 financed social services in the Community Chest which, for the purposes of

Community Chest—continued

identification, are known as Red Feather services.

It is through the Community Chest that the citizens of Greater Toronto support the Red Feather services and make possible community planning which helps co-ordinate the programs of both public and private social services so that everyone benefits to the greatest possible degree.

THE HOUSING AUTHORITY OF TORONTO

Established primarily to undertake the redevelopment of the Regent Park (North) area, a sub-standard housing section bounded by Dundas Street East and Gerrard Street East from Parliament to River Street and containing 42.5 acres, the Authority has under construction a 48-suite apartment building which will be completed in the late Summer and an 8-family group house rapidly nearing completion. Tenders will soon be called for the construction of a 54-suite apartment building and it is expected that further tenders will be invited by September for two other 48-suite apartment buildings. The problem of re-housing resident families has retarded the redevelopment programme, as no present housing units may be torn down until new buildings have been erected to replace them, but the undertaking will advance much faster as each additional building is completed. The complete programme provides for the erection of 20 apartment buildings and 9 group houses, which will contain a total of 1,056 housing units of various sizes, and a Community Centre, as well as grassed areas and playing fields.

The Members and Officers are:

Chairman—Hiram E. McCallum, Mayor.

Vice-Chairman—Alderman J. L. Shannon, K.C., 45 Richmond Street West.

The Housing Authority of Toronto—continued

Member—William C. Dies, 141 Waverley Road.

Member—Mrs. H. L. Luffman, 278 Willard Avenue.

Member—C. J. Woolsey, 345 Castlefield Avenue.

Secretary—Harry Matson, Room 1010, 465 Bay Street.

Treasurer—G. A. Lascelles, Commissioner of Finance, City Hall.

Architect—J. E. Hoare, Jr., 481 Eglinton Avenue West.

Temporary Office

Room 1010, 465 Bay Street, Adelaide 7171, Local 7

BUREAU OF MUNICIPAL RESEARCH

Founded in 1914 by a group of public-spirited citizens and operating since then as a non-profit service agency, the Bureau of Municipal Research provides a continuing non-partisan study of civic affairs. Through its bulletin 'Civic Affairs' and the press coverage given to its reports and recommendations, and through the work of its staff on official and informal civic committees, the Bureau acts as a source of information, constructive criticism, and research co-operation.

Membership is open to individuals and to business and professional firms and organizations in Greater Toronto. The Bureau's publications go to its subscriber, to civic officials, and to the press. Its information services are readily available to them and to the general public.

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President—Thomas G. Rogers.

Vice-Presidents—R. C. Berkinshaw, C.B.E.; Kenneth M. Kilbourn.

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Deputy Hon. Treasurer—Lewis A. Winter, O.B.E.

Offices: 137 Wellington Street West

Telephone: ELgin 1904

Director and Secretary—Eric Hardy

FORMER MEMBERS' ASSOCIATION OF TORONTO CITY COUNCILS OFFICERS, 1948

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Former Alderman John E. Corcoran, K.C.

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1st Vice-President

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Secretary

Former Alderman John J. Glass
229 Yonge Street. Telephone, Adelaide 1168

Assistant Secretary

Former Alderman R. A. Allen

* Elected Alderman, Ward 7, March 1, 1948. Vice-Alderman Roelofson elected as Controller.

Former Members' Association of Toronto City Councils, 1948—continued

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Major Bert Wemp, O.B.E.; W. J. Stewart, C.B.E. M.P.P.; Messrs. F. W. Johnston; Frederick Hamilton; Robert Dibble; Jack Bennett; Robert Siberry; Leonard M. Riley; Melville A. Wilson and John Winnett.

Objects:

(a) To preserve and maintain the fraternal and social spirit amongst Former-Members of Toronto City Councils and to perpetuate their memories while such members.

(b) To promote the development of the City of Toronto and advance the interest of its citizens.

(c) To keep its members informed of all questions of public interest and importance and to any proposed legislation affecting our community.

(d) To hold meetings at regular intervals for the purpose of interchanging ideas and discussing subjects of interest to the Association and its members and for the promotion of its objects.

DOMINION OF CANADA

Prime Minister and President of the King's Privy Council for Canada, The Right Honourable Louis Stephen St. Laurent, K.C., LL.D.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF CANADA WHO RESIDE IN OR NEAR TORONTO

(Listed according to Seniority)

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The Honourable Wm. H. McGuire, K.C. Residence Dawes Road, Toronto 13.

The Honourable Salter A. Hayden, K.C., 36 Alexandra Wood.

The Honourable G. Peter Campbell, K.C., 39 Deer Park Crescent.

The Honourable Arthur W. Roebuck, K.C., 35 Inglewood Drive.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

Toronto and York Members

Electoral District	Member
Broadview	Thomas Langton Church
Danforth	Joseph Henry Harris
Davenport	John R. MacNicol

Dominion of Canada—continued

Eglinton ..... Donald Methuen Fleming
Greenwood ..... Denton Massey
High Park ..... William Alexander McMaster
Parkdale ..... Harold Timmins
Rosedale ..... Harry R. Jackman
St. Paul's ..... Douglas G. Ross
Spadina ..... David Arnold Croll
Trinity ..... Larry Skey
York East ..... Robert Henry McGregor
York North ..... John E. Smith
York South ..... Alan Cockerman
York West ..... Rodney Adamson

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Entered Confederation 1st July, 1867. Area 412,582 sq. miles. Population 1941—3,787,655.

Lieutenant-Governor, The Honourable Ray Lawson, O.B.E., Queen's Park, Toronto.

Executive Council

Prime Minister of Ontario, President of the Council and Minister of Agriculture—Col. The Hon. Thomas L. Kennedy.

Provincial Treasurer and Minister of Mines—Hon. Leslie M. Frost, K.C.

Attorney-General—Hon. Leslie E. Blackwell, K.C.

Vice-Chairman, Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission, 620 University Avenue — Hon. George H. Challies.

Minister of Highways and Minister of Public Works—Hon. George H. Doucett.

Minister of Reform Institutions and Minister of Municipal Affairs—Hon. George H. Dunbar.

Minister of Labour—Hon. Charles Daley.

Minister of Education and Provincial Secretary and Registrar—Hon. Dana H. Porter, K.C.

Minister of Health—Hon. Russell T. Kelley.

Minister of Planning and Development—Hon. G. Arthur Welsh.

Province of Ontario—continued

Minister of Public Welfare — Hon. William A. Goodfellow.

Chairman, Liquor Control Board, 454 University Avenue—Col. The Hon. William Griesinger.

Minister of Lands and Forests—Hon. Harold R. Scott.

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Bracondale ..... Harry Walters
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Riverdale ..... Leslie E. Wismer
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St. David ..... William Dennison
St. George ..... Hon. Dana H. Porter
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East York ..... Miss Agnes Macphail
North York ..... A. Alexander Mackenzie
South York ..... Edward B. Jolliffe
West York ..... Charles H. Millard

THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

In the heart of Toronto, just west of the Parliament Buildings, is the University of Toronto, largest university in the Commonwealth. During the immediate postwar years, enrolment topped 17,000, more than twice the pre-war figure. Registration will drop as the ex-service men and women finish their courses and it is expected to hold firm at about 11,000.

Integral parts of the University are the Royal Conservatory of Music (where another 8,000 are enrolled); the Royal Ontario Museum; the Ontario College of Art. Some 14,000 annually register for evening and summer classes with the Department of University Extension. The University graduates half of Canada's dentists and 40 per cent of Canada's mechanical engineers to mention only two of its many divisions of learning.

Within the student body are young men and women from 37 different countries, making it one of the most international societies in Canada. The national character and international influence of the University is best illustrated, perhaps, by the School of Graduate Studies, where graduates of every Canadian university study beside graduates from institutions in twelve other countries, including men and women from many sections of the British Isles and the United States.

The University of Toronto—continued

The academic organization of the University is a blend of the English college system and the American faculty system. It is divided into Faculties and Schools or Institutes, like the large universities of the United States; and in the Faculty of Arts into University College (the State college) and three federated church-supported colleges, Victoria, Trinity and St. Michael's.

The University has fostered research in many fields. The discovery there of insulin—on which 3,000,000 people today are dependent—led to the establishment of the Banting and Best Department of Medical Research in 1923. In this department and at the Connaught Medical Research Laboratories, created nine years previously, scores of important research projects are proceeding. Much significant work also has been done in the field of the Humanities and the Social Sciences.

From an economic as well as a cultural standpoint the University is one of Canada's most important institutions. The annual budget approximates $12,000,000. About $7,500,000 is paid in salaries to 3,200 employees and a large portion of this is spent in Toronto on rent, taxes, household expenses and other living costs. The balance of the budget goes for equipment, sup-

The University of Toronto—continued

plies and other items, and is paid for the most part to industries within the City.

The University also is spending vast sums with various building contractors in the City. A new wing for the Physics Building, a new building for Mechanical Engineering, and the Wallberg Memorial Building for Chemistry and Chemical Engineering were finished in 1949, the last costing approximately $4,000,000. Announcing a drive for $13,000,000 (to which the City of Toronto contributed $2,000,000) Dr. Sidney Smith, the President, said the money would be used for an addition to the University Library, a men's residence for University College, a new medical research centre, an Arts Building, and a building for women students.

The federal government has granted $350,000 for a University aerophysics laboratory which will be erected at Downsview, just north of the City. Near the laboratory site is the Dufferin Division of the Connaught Medical Research Laboratories, a 145-acre farm property with modern laboratory buildings and quarters for animals. A few miles farther north on a 180-acre tract, the University operates the David Dunlap Observatory. Still farther north is the University's Gull Lake Survey Camp, with 172 acres and five buildings.

The University of Toronto—continued

In Haliburton County, 150 miles from the Queen's Park campus, is the University Forest of 17,000 acres. There, forestry students do their field work in timber cruising, mapping, and silviculture studies and research.

But the University's story cannot be told in terms of dollars and acres. President Sidney Smith summarizes its function in these words: "Guardian of the freedom of the mind and the freedom of the soul—the very genius of Democracy—the University of Toronto seeks to be worthy of its high traditions, and to fulfil its responsibilities not only to Ontario and Canada but to the world and our Christian civilization."

The Board of Governors

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The University of Toronto—continued

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